Brunswick, Georgia



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal year ended June 30, 2011



December 29, 2011

Georgia Dept. of Community Affairs Office of Sustainable Development Attn: James R. Frederick, Director 60 Executive Park South, NE Atlanta, GA 30329-2231 RECEIVED

JAN 0 4 2012

Dear Mr. Frederick:

I am pleased to enclose one (1) copy of our FY11 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

If you have any questions, please contact Lena Geiger, Finance Director, at (912) 262-2820.

Sincerely,

Allen Burns

Executive Director

AB/ch

Enclosure

Brunswick, Georgia

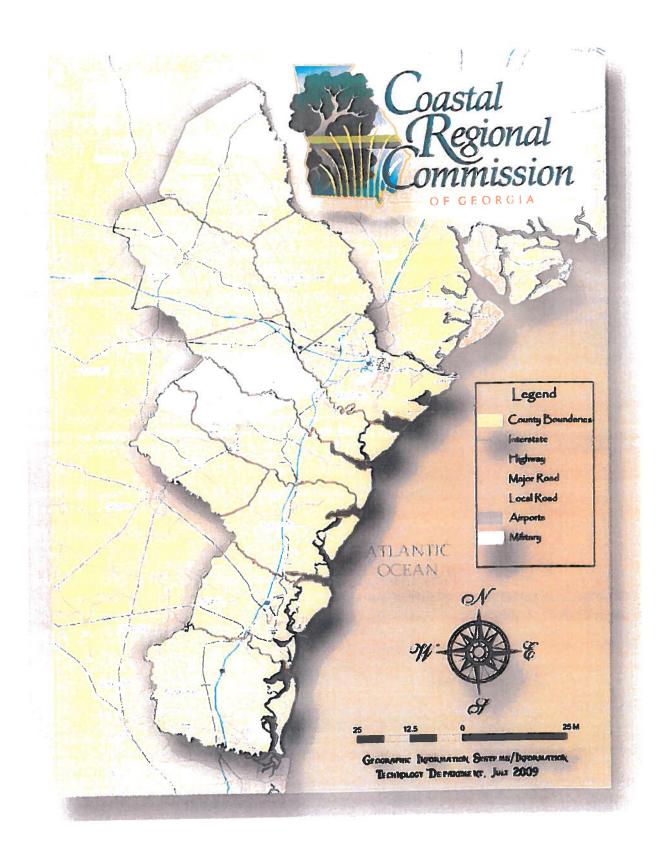


COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011

Prepared by:

Finance Director



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Table of Contents

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	PAGE
Letter of Transmittal GFOA Certificate of Achievement Organizational Chart	8
List of Board Members	1(
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	12
Management's Discussion and Analysis	14
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	24
Sutoment of Activities	25
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	26
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
Statement of Net Assets	27
Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	28
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities.	29
Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	30
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets	31
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	32
Notes to the Financial Statements	33
Required Supplementary Information:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	60
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund	61
Schedule of Funding Progress - Pension Plan	62
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	63

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

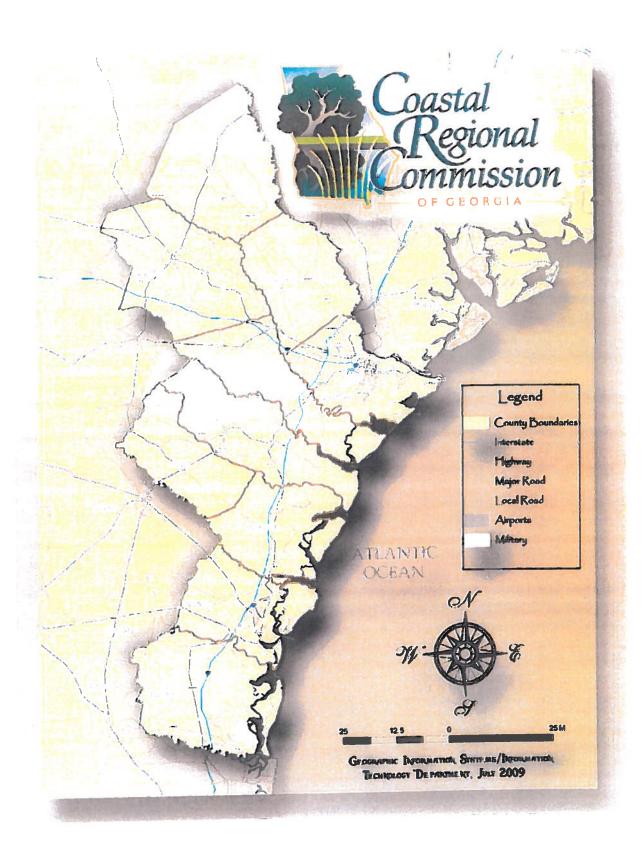
Table of Contents

Supplemental Information:	PAGE
Special Revenue Fund - Combining Schedule of Revenues,	<i>(</i> 4
Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	04
Consider Personne Fund - Direct Federal Programs - Combining	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	05
G	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	00
Consider Payonia Fund a Local Programs - Combining Schedule	
of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	0/
Special Revenue Fund - State Administered Programs - Combining	
Schodule of Devenues Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -	40
Coordinated Transportation Programs	08
Special Revenue Fund - State Administered Programs - Combining	
Schedule of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	60
Comprehensive Planning	09
Special Revenue Fund - State Administered Programs - Combining	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances -	70
Area Agency on Aging	/U
Schedule to Compute Employee Benefit Cost Pool Rate	12
Schedule to Compute Indirect Cost Rate	74
Schedule of State Contractual Assistance	/4
Breakdown of Local Regional Appropriations	/0
Schedule of Salaries and Wages	/٥
Pagangiliation of Employee's Salaties	/9
G-1-1-1- of Tenrol	ov
Schedule of Salaries and Wages - Component Unit	
Schedule of Travel - Component Unit	02
Schedule of Vehicles	رة
Summary Statement of Services	08
Schedule of Proposed Financial Settlement	8 /
T 1 1 1 1 A 1 discula Deport on Schedule of Non - Public	
m 1 C41 - Commonant Unit	עס ממ
Schedule of Non-Public Funds of the Component Unit	90
Name to the Schedule of Non - Public Funds	
of the Component Unit	91

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Table of Contents

STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)	
Net Assets by Component	92
Change in Net Assets	
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	94
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	94
Government-wide Expenses by Function	
Government-wide Revenues	97
Schedule of Local Government Membership Dues	OS
Miscellaneous Statistics	100
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	104
Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	108
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	111
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	110
Overment Autung Dianati as	112
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance	
with OMB Circular A – 133	114
11	114
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	116



INTRODUCTORY SECTION





November 1, 2011

Mr. Walter Gibson, Chairman Member Governments Citizens of Coastal Georgia

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the Coastal Regional Commission (CRC) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The purpose of this report is to provide the Council, management, staff, the public and other interested parties with detailed information reflecting the CRC's financial condition. This report also satisfies state law to publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Coastal Regional Commission. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in the report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the Coastal Regional Commission has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Coastal Regional Commission's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the Coastal Regional Commission's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete in all material respects.

The Coastal Regional Commission's financial statements have been audited by Clifton, Lipford, Hardison & Parker LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Coastal Regional Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the Coastal Regional Commission's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Coastal Regional Commission was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the Single Audit section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The Coastal Regional Commission's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

Profile of the Government

The Coastal Regional Commission was established through the enactment of the Georgia State Planning Act of 1989. The Coastal Regional Commission, effective July 1, 2010, succeeds the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center, which succeeded the Coastal Area Planning and Development Commission established in 1965. Changes to the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-31 et el, effective July 1, 2010, provided for this succession, and is the basis of the Coastal Regional Commission's existence. Membership in the Commission consists of each municipality and county in Region 12 of the state of Georgia. The territorial boundaries for Region 12 are as follows: Bryan, Bulloch, Camden, Chatham, Effingham, Glynn, Liberty, Long, McIntosh, and Screven counties.

There are thirty-nine (39) members on the Council that establish policy and direction for the Commission and perform such other functions as may be provided or authorized by law. The Council consists of the Chairman of each county commission in the region, the Mayor from the largest municipality (population) in each county in the region, two (2) nonpublic residents of the region and one (1) member of a school board or superintendent of schools appointed by the Governor, one (1) non-public member appointed by the Lieutenant Governor, one (1) non-public member appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives. In order to meet the requirements of various federal agencies that require non-public participation, there is one (1) non-public representative per county. Chatham County will have two additional non-public appointments, Glynn County will have one additional non-public appointment, and Liberty County will have one additional non-public appointment. The Council may elect ex-officio members to serve. Such ex-officio members shall not hold office nor vote on affairs of the Commission. Ex-officio members shall be persons who have valuable input into the programs of the Commission, e.g., Senators, members of congress, state legislators, advisory council chair persons, environmental organizations, military, and other leading citizens.

The Council appoints an Executive Director, who is the chief administrative officer of the Commission. The Executive Director is responsible to the Council for the administration of the Commission's affairs and for implementing policy directives of the Council.

The Coastal Regional Commission is an organization constituted to serve its members and shall be member driven. The purpose of the Commission is to create, promote, and foster the orderly growth, economic prosperity, and continuing development of the industrial, civic, commercial, educational, natural, and human resources of the Region and member communities. The Commission functions as the regional planning entity for land use, economic development, environmental, transportation, historic preservation planning, coordinated transportation, and services for the elderly, persons with disabilities, and their caregivers.

Local Economy

Coastal Georgia remains poised as an attractive area for the growth of jobs and investment, even as the area followed statewide and national trends for stagnant employment and per capita income growth

during the 2011 fiscal year. The full complement of resources such as leadership, industrial infrastructure, strategic industry focus, strong existing industry presence, international outreach, tourism and film continue to generate interest and opportunities for residents of the Coastal Georgia area.

Coastal Georgia's logistics and transportation network is one of its most formidable assets, undergirding all industry in the state by enabling companies to quickly and seamlessly reach domestic and international markets through interconnected airports, seaports, rail and roads. Companies in the state can reach 80 percent of the U.S. market within a two-day truck haul or a two-hour flight. Foreign trade zones in Savannah and Brunswick allows firms to delay, reduce, and even eliminate certain U.S. customs duties on imported items.

Port-related distribution is a major economic generator for the area. The Georgia Ports Authority continued to be among the strongest ports in the country. Georgia ports are positioned for unprecedented growth with the upcoming Panama Canal expansion, scheduled for completion in 2014. The \$5.25 billion expansion will build a new lane of traffic, doubling capacity and accommodating longer and wider ships. The Canal's new locks are expected to direct ships with nearly three times the capacity to the Port of Savannah, the fastest-growing container port in the country and the fourth largest port in the U.S. The Port of Brunswick is also expanding, having experienced a 400% growth in tonnage over the past decade. The Georgia's port system also continues to employ many Coastal Georgians and remains among the main reasons that companies look to Georgia's coast for location of new business opportunities.

Leveraging Georgia's coastal resources helped make the area attractive to business development professionals as major corporations considered new operational opportunities. The availability of over 3 dozen industrial and business parks offered flexibility of location and continued access to national and international customer and supplier audiences. That, coupled with convenient access to the pipeline of talented graduates and research expertise from institutions of higher education gives Coastal Georgia a competitive advantage in the global marketplace. Evidence of this advantage is present in the expansions of manufacturers Gulfstream and Firth Rixson Forgings, part of the growing aerospace industry sector that employs over 80,000 workers in the state.

The University System of Georgia campuses in the region continue to act as economic engines. Georgia Southern University had an estimated fiscal impact of \$487 million on the regional economy in fiscal year 2010, supporting 6,925 jobs. Enrollment at Georgia Southern University reached an all-time high for the fall 2011 semester, surpassing 20,000 students. Armstrong Atlantic State University, College of Coastal Georgia, and Savannah State University had a combined enrollment of over 14,000 students, a fiscal impact of \$399 million and an employment impact of 4,461 jobs in the Coastal economy.

The passage of the Georgia Entertainment Investment Act in May 2008 has helped catapult the state into the ranks of the top five film and TV production locations in the U.S., with more than 274 productions filmed in the state in FY 2011. Georgia's ability to provide a variety of astounding locations, a highly-skilled workforce, significant infrastructure and cutting-edge tax incentives makes Georgia an extremely desirable place to film. The Coastal region has attracted its share of entertainment industry investment, serving as the backdrop for major feature films released in fiscal year 2011 such as "X-Men: First Class" and Robert Redford's "The Conspirator". In addition, five counties in the region have been designated "Camera Ready Communities" by the Georgia Department of Economic Development.

Tourism is yet another resource that proved to be very important in the promotion of Georgia's Coast. Treasures such as historic forts King George, Pulaski, and McAllister, state parks, waterfronts and

islands, historic Downtown Savannah, various film and motion picture sites throughout the region continued to make Coastal Georgia an attractive and inexpensive destination for tourists.

As in previous years, the installations of Fort Stewart/Hunter Army Airfield (HAAF) and Kings Bay Naval Submarine Base, as well as the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center (FLETC), contribute substantially to the region's economic health. Not only is the military sector relatively sizeable and stable, but it also provides some of the highest paying jobs. These installations serve as catalysts for a wide variety of indirect businesses and industries—improving the overall economic diversification of the region. According to an Economic Impact Statement released in May 2011, the installations at Fort Stewart/HAAF alone have an annual economic impact of over seven billion dollars in southeast Georgia. Fort Stewart/HAAF hosts over 20,000 active duty personnel, over 35,000 active duty family members, and employs over 5,000 civilians. Kings Bay Naval Submarine Base retains over 9,000 military, civilian, and contractor employees with an annual economic impact of over \$700 million. Many military retirees reside within the ten-county Coastal region, including over 6,200 U.S. Army retirees receiving a payroll of \$137 million.

Federal budget reductions have impacted the employment prospects in the military sector, however. As part of a push to reduce the Department of Defense's budget to FY 2010 levels, the U.S. Army is looking to reduce its force by 27,000 soldiers beginning in 2015 and 8,000 civilian positions nationally by the end of FY 2012. Additional Federal debt reduction strategies will likely result in additional civilian jobs losses across all branches of the U.S. government, undoubtedly impacting Coastal Georgia communities for whom Fort Stewart/HAAF, Kings Bay Naval Submarine Base, and the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center are major centers of employment.

While respecting the natural resources of Georgia's Coast, the region has managed to continue to provide job opportunities and quality of life for many families. While job losses based on declining revenue were present in the area, other activity such as the existing industry focus, the expansion of companies, infrastructure development, and continued development of international relationships during fiscal 2011 make Coastal Georgia poised to continue to attract an extraordinary workforce, job opportunities and investment in the future.

Major Initiatives

IT - Client Virtualization When it came time to get new computers for the call center agents in the aging services department, the CRC cast traditional computing to the wind and embraced client virtualization instead. The majority of the call center agents' work is web-based, plus some basic Word and Excel, so computing needs are not very extensive. The CRC IT staff looked around for less costly, more efficient alternatives. With client virtualization, also known as desktop virtualization, desktop images are housed, managed and secured centrally, then served up as virtual instances on user computing devices as needed. The benefits are mostly operational in nature, including centralized patching and upgrading, rapid provisioning and decommissioning of desktops, and an extended useful life for legacy hardware.

Since that initial 12-user implementation a year ago, the CRC has expanded the use of virtualized clients into the agency's Planning and Government Services Department. Today some 20 users have virtual clients, a number that will double shortly as the CRC also rolls out client virtualization to call center agents handling transportation services. We estimate that using virtual clients will save the CRC roughly

\$400 per user, and more for users who require high-performance desktops. Thin clients running virtualized desktops have also reduced the CRC's power usage.

In addition, IT has become far more efficient. We've cut the amount of time spent on PC-related help desk issues by more than half. We can do everything from the server. The new desktop management efficiencies also give IT staff a lot more time to spend on other critical projects.

Coastal Regional Coaches - Rural Public Transit Coastal Regional Coaches is the regional rural public transit program that provides general public transit service in the counties of Bryan, Camden, Chatham, Effingham, Glynn, Liberty, Long, McIntosh, and Screven. This is a demand-response service and is available to anyone, for any purpose, and to any destination in the coastal region. The only criteria is that the trip must originate or end in a rural area. There are no eligibility criteria as this is public transit. Coastal Regional Coaches coordinates public transit service with a variety of other transportation services simultaneously in order to make the program more cost-effective and efficient. Funding is provided through DOT Section 5311, DHS and local participating counties. Coastal Regional Coaches is a demand-response, advance reservation service that operates Monday through Friday from 6:00 A.M. until 6:00 P.M.

Tybee Shuttle The Tybee Island Shuttle officially launched March 2011, offering two round trips a day, seven days a week, from Savannah to Tybee Island. The shuttle service has been so successful that two additional times have been added to the departure schedule. The shuttle leaves daily for the Savannah Visitors Center at 10:00 am, 11:00 am, 2:00 pm and 5:00 pm. The cost is \$3.00 per person one way.

Livable Communities Charrette Like much of the country, Georgia is undergoing a tremendous change in its population. Georgia has the ninth fastest growing older adult population in the nation. Coastal Georgia is the second fastest growing region in the State, with a population projected to increase by 51 percent by the year 2030, with the most significant growth among those aged 70 and over. The growing senior population presents an opportunity to redesign communities for intergenerational sustainability. With the number of Georgians progressing steadily toward maturity over the last several decades, the readiness of the state's infrastructure and programming to address their life interests, needs and preferences has demanded evaluation. The challenge of the 21st century is to understand the kind of communities in which growing old is possible. Our task is not to simply shuffle policies and programs and tweak funding here or there. Our challenge is to think big and to embrace the possibility and the opportunity of change. To meet the challenge, one must consider how to create new ways of working and living together that will fundamentally change and improve the lives of the generations that follow. The Planning and Government Services Department along with the Area Agency on Aging collaborated to host the Greater Savannah Community for All Ages Charrette July 2011.

Leadership Southeast Georgia (LSEGA) Leadership Southeast Georgia was sponsored by the LSEGA Alumni Board in cooperation with the Coastal Regional Commission and the Fanning Institute. The program provides regional leaders a wide range of learning opportunities including managing one's strengths, values and how best to perform in leadership roles. The Class of 2011 studied regional issues and best approaches for meeting the challenges of Regional Planning in Coastal Georgia. The Class of 2011 was the first to graduate from the newly designed program.

Seven building blocks were presented as tools and as a way to examine issues, problems or opportunities. One of the building blocks to regional success includes focusing on common values. Values influence how people approach problem-solving and decision making. Regional Leaders who focus on values

common to a region overcome significant geo-political divisions and develop ways to measure regional progress in more meaningful ways.

Aging Services-Case Management The Caregivers' Assistance Program (CAP) is a multi-faceted support system focusing on caregiver needs that provides access or linkage to resources, services, and information that help to diminish caregiver stress and burden, increases caregivers' knowledge of formal in-home and community care service options, and assists caregivers with planning for service delivery for the care recipients.

Tailored Care (TCARE) is the assessment and referral process utilized through CAP to identify caregiver needs, establish a service goal and identify the appropriate strategies and services needed to accomplish that goal. The program focuses on case management, counseling and education for the caregiver, as well as providing direct services for the care receiver.

In FY2012 Coastal AAA will employee two TCARE certified case managers to provide case management for CAP, expanding the program to all nine counties in the Coastal region. The program will continue to focus on caregivers with high burden scores as evidenced by the TCARE screening process.

EB-5 The EB-5 visa program was founded in 1990 under section 203(b) (5) of the Immigration and Nationality Act (INA). The program was created by the U.S. Citizenship and Investment Services (USCIS) for qualified non-US citizens seeking permanent resident status on the basis of their investments in the American economy. There are 10,000 EB-5 visas available to qualified aliens each year. 3,000 of these visas are designated for aliens who invest through a program at a USCIS-designated Regional Center.

With an EB-5 visa, one can obtain a green card for permanent residence in the United States. After 5 years, the investors and their family may obtain US citizenship, subject to meeting all immigration requirements. Any person who can demonstrate the ability to invest the required amount into the American economy, can document that the capital was legally earned, and satisfies general eligibility requirements (e.g., medical, criminal) is qualified to apply. The investor's spouse and any minor children (under 21) also qualify. An investment between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000, dependent upon the geographic location, is required for an EB-5 visa.

Regional Centers are entities, organizations, or agencies that focus on a specific geographic area within the United States in order to promote economic growth within that area. Regional Centers work to increase export sales, improve regional productivity, create new jobs, and increase domestic capital investment. Regional Centers are designated by the U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services.

During FY 2011, work continued to complete the application process.

Awards and Acknowledgments

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the CRC for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the CRC had to publish an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR that satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the CRC received a 2011 Innovation Award from the National Association of Development Organizations (NADO) Research Foundation for Coastal Communities for All Ages. NADO is a Washington, DC-based association that promotes programs and policies that strengthen local governments, communities and economies through regional cooperation, program delivery and comprehensive strategies. The association's Innovation Awards program recognizes regional development organizations and partnering organizations for improving the economic and community competitiveness of our nation's regions and local communities. Award winners were showcased during NADO's 2011 Annual Training Conference in Miami, Florida.

The preparation of this report could not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department, Department Directors and the Administrative Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit must also be given to the Chairman and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Coastal Regional Commission's finances.

Respectively submitted.

Allen Burns

Executive Director

Lena Geiger Finance Director

ma Duger

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Coastal Regional Commission, Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

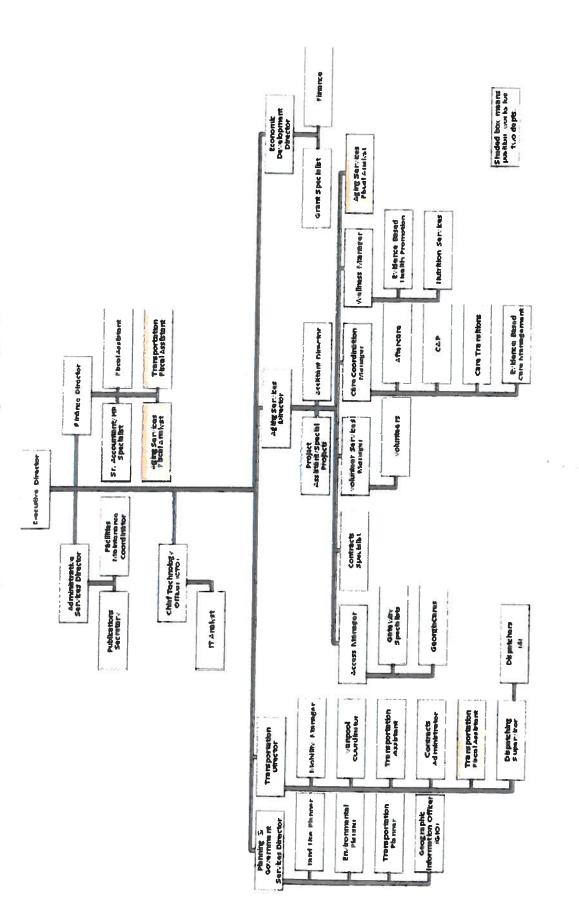
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

President

Note P. Eng.

Executive Director

Coastal Regional Commission Organizational Chart



Coastal Regional Commission Council Members For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

BRYAN COUNTY

Chairman Jimmy Burnsed Bryan Co. Commission

Mayor Harold Fowler City of Richmond Hill

Sean Register Non-Public

CHATHAM COUNTY

Chairman Pete Liakakis Chatham Co. Commission

Mayor Otis Johnson City of Savannah

Chris Blaine Non-Public

Vacant Non-Public

Vacant Non-Public

LIBERTY COUNTY

Chairman John McIver Liberty County Commission

Mayor Jim Thomas City of Hinesville

Allen Brown Non-Public

Robert Stokes Non-Public **BULLOCH COUNTY**

Walter Gibson Bulloch Co. Commission

Mayor Joe Brannen City of Statesboro

Dr. Ronald Shiffler Non-Public

EFFINGHAM COUNTY

Reggie Loper Effingham Co. Commission

Mayor Ken Lee City of Rincon

Herb Jones Non-Public

LONG COUNTY

Chairman Robert Walker Long Co. Commission

Mayor Myrtice Warren Ludowici City Council

William Miller Non-Public **CAMDEN COUNTY**

Chairman David Rainer Camden Co. Commission

Mayor Bill Deloughy City of St. Marys

Craig Root Non-Public

GLYNN COUNTY

Chairman Tom Sublett Glynn Co. Commission

Jonathan Williams City of Brunswick

Dan Coty Non-Public

Shaw McVeigh Non-Public

MCINTOSH COUNTY

Chairman Kelly Spratt McIntosh Co. Commission

Joe Malbasa
City of Darien

Jason Coley Non-Public

Coastal Regional Commission Council Members For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

SCREVEN COUNTY

Chairman Will Boyd Screven Co. Commission

Mayor Margaret Evans City of Sylvania

Herb Hill Non-Public **APPOINTMENTS**

Tom Ratcliffe

Governor- Non-Public

Linda Barker

Governor - Non-Public

Vacant

Governor - School Board

Chap Bennett

Lt. Governor - Non-Public

Randall Morris

Speaker - Non-Public

EX-OFFICIO

Clarence Knight
City of Kingsland

Dr. Priscilla Thomas

Chatham County

Dr. Ben Thompson

GA Water Council

Dorothy Glisson

Screven County

Dina McKain Fort Stewart



FINANCIAL SECTION





CLIFTON, LIPFORD, HARDISON & PARKER, LLC

J. Russell Lipford, Jr., CPA Mark O., Hardison, CPA Terry I. Parker, CPA Christopher S. Edwards, CPA Lynn S. Hudson, CPA Kevin E. Lipford, CPA Member of American Institute of Certifled Public Accountants Truman W. Clifton (1902-1989)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Council Coastal Regional Commission Brunswick, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Coastal Regional Commission (the "RC") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the RC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Coastal Regional Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc. (CADDA), which represents 100% of the assets, net assets and revenues of the component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it related to the amounts included for CADDA, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditors provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the remaining fund information of Coastal Regional Commission as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and for the fiscal year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 1, 2011, on our consideration of Coastal Regional Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

1503 Bass Road P.O. Box 6315 Macon, Georgia 31208-6315 12 www.clhp.com

468 South Houston Lake Road Warner Robins, Georgia 31088 Coastal Regional Commission Page Two

The management's discussion and analysis on pages 14 through 23, the budgetary comparison information on pages 60 and 61, and the schedule of funding progress on page 62 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the RC's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental schedules and the statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Coastal Regional Commission. The supplemental schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Eletton, Lipford, Hardwin a Porher, LLC

Macon, Georgia November 1, 2011

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Coastal Regional Commission (CRC), we offer readers of the CRC's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the CRC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our Letter of Transmittal, which can be found on page 1 of this report. The Letter of Transmittal and Management's Discussion and Analysis are intended to be read in conjunction with the CRC's Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 24, the Fund Financial Statements, which begin on page 33.

Financial Highlights

As of the close of fiscal year ending June 30, 2011:

- The total assets of the CRC were \$7,133,133. Of this amount, \$2,838,700 is invested in capital assets, net of depreciation.
- The total liabilities for the CRC were \$2,928,798. The CRC has no long-term liabilities.
- The assets of the CRC exceeded its liabilities by \$4,204,336. Of this amount, \$1,365,635 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the CRC's ongoing obligations.
- Total program revenues, provided primarily through federal and state grants, were \$14,725,398.
- The total general revenues were \$777,641 (primarily local government dues), of which \$442,008 was contributed to the program revenue provided by federal and state grants to fund total expenses.
- Total combined revenues for governmental and business-type activities were \$15,503,039.
- Total expenses were \$13,794,183, all of which are classified as governmental activities.
- The General Fund resources available for appropriation were \$47,830 higher than budgeted; expenditures were \$61,724 higher than budgeted (see "General Fund Budgetary Highlights").
- The CRC's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,423,349, an increase of \$428,471 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 72% of this amount, \$1,028,588, is available for spending at the discretion of the governing council.
- The General Fund unassigned fund balance increased \$201,460 (24.36%) to \$1,028,588 from \$827,128 during fiscal year 2011. This compares with an increase of \$198,906 for the prior year. Increases and decreases of this magnitude are not necessarily indicative of any financial trend.
- The CRC's total net assets increased by \$1,708,855 (68.48%) in comparison to the prior year.
- The net assets of the CRC as of June 30, 2011 were \$4,204,336.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the CRC's Basic Financial Statements. The Basic Financial Statements comprise three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Financial Statements. This report also contains supplemental information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the CRC's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

business. These statements provide information about the activities of the CRC as a whole and present a longer-term view of the CRC's finances.

The statement of net assets (on page 24) presents information on all of the CRC's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the CRC is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities (on page 25) presents information showing how the CRC's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned, but unused vacation leave).

GASB 34 prescribes that activities be classified in two general categories: "governmental" and "business-type". Most of the CRC's basic services, including the administration of direct federal grants, state administered grants and contracts and local contracts and programs qualify as governmental activities and are so classified in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Local (member) government dues and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the CRC itself, but also a legally separate entity — the Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc. (CADDA) as a discreetly presented component unit in the Basic Financial Statements. Although legally separate, this component unit is important because the CRC maintains control by means of appointments/approval to the governing boards of this organization and is required by the state to report it as a component unit. Financial information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The Notes to the Financial Statements provide information regarding CADDA beginning on page 49.

Fund financial statements. The governmental fund financial statements begin on page 26. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the CRC's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the CRC's most significant funds.

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The CRC uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The "Uniform Accounting and Financial Management Manual for Georgia's Regional Development Centers" establishes the fund structure of all CRC's in Georgia. In compliance with this manual, the CRC reports two kinds of funds – governmental and proprietary.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, government fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Most of the CRC's basic services are reported in governmental funds. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the CRC's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the CRC's programs.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. Reconciliations are on pages 27 and 29, respectively.

The Council adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

Proprietary funds. Internal service funds are an accounting device used under the provisions of the United States Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87, to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the CRC's various functions. The CRC uses internal service funds to account for fringe benefits, compensated absences and indirect costs. The activities maintained in the internal service fund are qualified "business-type" activities. However, in our case, the internal service fund asset and liability balances that are not eliminated in the statement of activities are reported in the governmental activities column. Although internal service funds are reported as proprietary funds, their activities (financing of goods and services for other funds of the CRC) are usually more governmental than business-type in nature.

The proprietary fund statements begin on page 30. The internal service fund balances included in the governmental activities are reported on pages 30-32. The CRC does not have any other business-type activities.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 33-59 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information concerning the CRC's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. Required supplemental information can be found on pages 60-62 of this report.

Combining and individual fund statements and schedules are presented immediately following the required supplemental information on pensions. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on page 64 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The assets of the CRC exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year, June 30, 2011, by \$4,204,336.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Our analysis, on the following pages, focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the CRC's governmental activities.

Table 1
COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION
Net Assets
(000's omitted)

	Governmental Activities				Total Primary Government				
		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		2011		2010	
Assets:									
Current assets	\$	4,294	\$	2,488	\$	4,294	\$	2,488	
Capital assets - net		2,839		1,549		2,839		1,549	
Total assets		7,133		4,037		7,133		4,037	
Liabilities:									
Other liabilities		2,886		1,505		2,886		1,505	
Long-term liabilities		43		36		43		36	
Total liabilities		2,929		1,541		2,929		1,541	
Net assets:									
Invested in capital assets		2,839		1,549		2,839		1,549	
Unrestricted		1,366		947		1,366		947	
Total net assets	<u>\$</u>	4,204	\$	2,496	\$	4,204	\$	2,496	

Net assets. The CRC's total net assets (governmental activities) were \$4,204,336 as of June 30, 2011. Unrestricted net assets—the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements—were \$1,365,635 at the end of this fiscal year.

A significant portion of the CRC's net assets (approximately 68%) reflects its investment in capital assets such as land, buildings, equipment and vehicles less any debt used to acquire those assets that remains outstanding. The CRC uses these capital assets to provide services to its member governments; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, a CRC's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt. The resources needed to repay any debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. At June 30, 2011 and 2010, the CRC did not have any debt outstanding related to capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Table 2 COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION Changes in Net Assets (000's omitted)

	Governmental Activities			Total Primary Government				
		2011		2010		<u>2011</u>		<u> 2010</u>
Revenues								
Program revenues:						4.0.0		• •
Charges for services	\$	102	\$	16	\$	102	\$	16
Operating grants		12,828		9,923		12,828		9,923
Capital grants		1,795		1,172		1,795		1,172
General revenues:								
Local government dues		632		632		632		632
Investment earnings		16		23		16		23
Miscellaneous		130		105		130	_	105
Total general & program revenues	_	15,503	_	11,871	_	15,503		11,871
Program Expense								
General government		767		284		767		284
Direct federal grants		2,567		880		2,567		880
State adm. grants		10,141		9,330		10,141		9,330
Local programs		318		242	_	318		242
Total program expenses	_	13,794	_	10,737	_	13,794	_	10,737
Change in net assets (deficit)	<u>\$</u>	1,709	<u>\$</u>	1,134	<u>\$</u>	1,709	<u>\$</u>	1,134

Change in net assets. The CRC's combined net assets increased \$1,708,855 from a year ago-from \$2,495,481 to \$4,204,336. This increase is largely attributable to the acquisition of capital assets for the coordinated transportation program. It is also a result of management's efforts to reduce costs and meet the requirements of maintaining the unrestricted net assets in a range of not less than five percent (5%) and not to exceed ten percent (10%) of the total budgeted gross revenues for that fiscal year (including operating as well as pass-through funds). The unrestricted net assets as of June 30, 2011 were 7.84% of the total budgeted revenues for FY 2011.

Approximately 95% of the CRC's total revenue was provided by operating grants and the remaining 5% by a combination of local government dues, investment income and other revenues in fiscal year 2011, compared to 94% and 6%, respectively, for fiscal year 2010.

The major revenue reported in the General Fund is received from local governmental units within the CRC's region. Georgia law empowers the Council to establish dues for member governments using

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

population data provided by the Georgia Department of Community Affairs. The current dues structure approved by the Council assesses the member governments at a rate of \$1.00 per capita. The total amounts assessed to the member local governments for the years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010 were \$631,721 and \$631,721, respectively.

The CRC's major expenses, at 74% of the combined total for fiscal 2011, are clearly in the area of state administered programs. This compares to 87% in fiscal 2010. These programs are funded by grants and contracts that are awarded to the CRC by agencies of the State of Georgia. These grants and contracts may include federal funds which are being passed-through the state to the CRC. The CRC also receives funding directly from federal agencies and, additionally, may contract with its member governments. These program expenses as a percentage of total program expenses for fiscal 2011 and 2010 were as follows:

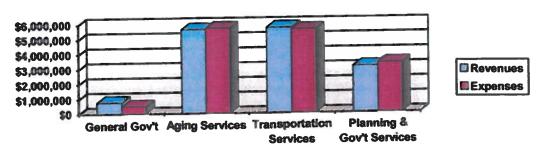
	2011	2010		
State Administered	74%	87%		
General Government	5%	3%		
Direct Federal Programs	19%	8%		
Local Programs	2%	2%		
TOTAL	100%	100%		

Depreciation expense of \$629,685 and \$232,742 was charged to the general government function of governmental activities for fiscal years ended June 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

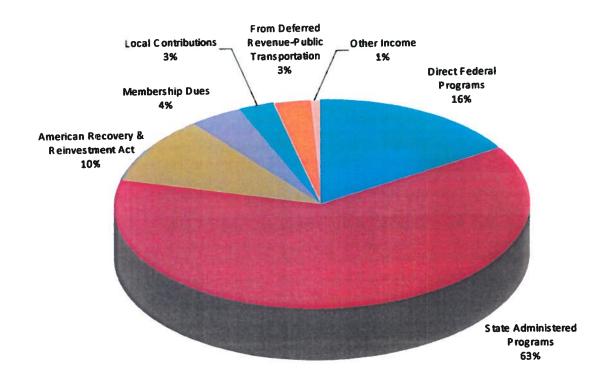
Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The following charts display program revenues and expenses by function and revenues by source for governmental activities:

Program Revenues & Expenses - Governmental Activities



Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Financial Analysis of the CRC's Funds

As noted earlier, the CRC uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

The objective of the CRC's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term activity and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the CRC's financial requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. The fund balance at the close of the fiscal year should be large enough to provide adequate financial resources to cover general government operations for the next fiscal year.

The CRC ended fiscal year 2011 with a balance of \$1,423,349 in its governmental funds, \$1,028,588 of which was unassigned. The remaining fund balance was reported as follows: \$89,898 Nonspendable, and \$304,863 Assigned.

Major Funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the operating fund of the CRC. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance was \$1,193,220 of which \$1,028,588 was unassigned and available for spending in the coming year. As a measure of liquidity, it may be useful to compare the unassigned fund balance to total expenditures for the General Fund and transfers out to other funds. This amount was \$523,498 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The unassigned General Fund balance represents 196.5% of that total for 2011 and could, therefore, fund approximately 196.5% of one year's normal budgeted appropriations.

The fund balance in the General Fund increased by \$244,533 (26%) during FY 2011. As noted earlier, this is the result of management's efforts to reduce costs and meet the requirements of maintaining the unassigned fund balance. Additional information about the General Fund can be found on page 60.

The Special Revenue Fund. The Special Revenue Fund of the CRC accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted for specified purposes. This includes all grants and contracts received by the CRC. The CRC uses cost centers and sub-accounts identified as elements in its accounting system to account for each grant or contract in the Special Revenue Fund. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance in the Special Revenue fund was \$230,129, an increase of \$183,938. Additional information on the Special Revenue Fund can be found on page 61.

Proprietary Funds. The CRC does not report any major enterprise funds. The only proprietary fund type used by the CRC is an internal service fund. This fund accounts for employee benefits and indirect costs in accordance with its cost allocation plan. These costs are pooled and billed to the grants and contracts accounted for in the Special Revenue Fund. These reimbursements from the Special Revenue Fund are recognized as revenue in the internal service fund as cost recoveries. More detailed information about the CRC's proprietary funds can be found beginning on pages 30-32.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The legal level of control (the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is at the agency-wide functional expense level. The most significant budget is that of the Special Revenue Fund. The Council amends this budget and the General Fund budget throughout the fiscal year, as required.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Variations between the original and final budget amounts were as a result of changes in funding from grantor agencies and projected usage of total funding.

The CRC's original budget for the General Fund projected an excess in revenues over expenditures of \$141,666. The amended budget anticipated an excess of revenues over expenditures of \$131,000. The actual was an excess in revenues over expenditures of \$244,533. Actual expenditures were \$61,724 more than the amended budget.

The original and amended budgets for the CRC's Special Revenue Fund did not project any excess of revenues over expenditures. The actual revenues and expenditures on the budgetary basis resulted in an excess of revenues of \$183,938.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The CRC's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2011 amounts to \$2,838,700, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,457,249. The comparable balances for June 30, 2010 were \$1,548,706 and \$939,837, respectively. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and building improvements, equipment, and vehicles.

The CRC does not own any infrastructure assets such as roads, bridges, curbs, gutters, storm drains, and so forth.

The CRC acquired new capital assets of \$1,924,635, during fiscal year 2011. The acquisition of new public transit vehicles accounts for 95% of new assets for FY2011. This increase was offset by depreciation expense for the period of \$629,685. Additional information on Capital Assets can be found in Note 4 of the Notes to Financial Statements, beginning on page 43.

Long-term Debt. As of June 30, 2011 and 2010, the CRC did not have any long-term debt outstanding. The Council sets rigorous standards for sound financial management of the CRC, continually reviewing the needs of the CRC with the costs of providing for those needs and the various sources of funding available.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The Council annually adopt a balanced budget, set the dues to provide general revenues to cover the costs of all CRC programs that are not covered by specific program revenues (grants and contracts), maintain an adequate unreserved General Fund balance, and adopt such financial policies as deemed necessary to enhance their ability to maintain a safe and sound financial structure for the CRC.

The CRC's Council considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2012 budget, including, but not limited to, dues from member governments and grants and contracts anticipated to administer its programs. The general state of the economy is a significant component in establishing the annual budget. Due to the reduction in funding and the uncertainty of more reductions in the future, the Council voted to not give cost of living increases, but did approve up to 3% for performance increases in salary for its employees for FY 2012.

The current state of the economy will undoubtedly bring reductions in funding for FY 2012. For FY 2011, the CRC received 73% of its revenue from federal sources, either directly or passed through the

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

state. The CRC will monitor closely the outcomes of the federal budget process and adjust as necessary to balance the budget.

It is the desire of the Council to provide the highest level of service at the most economical cost to its member governments. The CRC actively participates in regional planning with State and Federal agencies, and counties and municipalities within the CRC to maximize services to the region's citizens and to provide those services as economically reasonable as possible.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the Council, the member governments, the region's citizens, and federal and state agencies with a general overview of the CRC's finances and to demonstrate the CRC's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Finance Director, 127 F Street, Brunswick, Georgia 31520.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

	 Primary Gove		
ASSETS	nmental - Type	Total	Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc.
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 659,011	\$ 659,011	\$ 3,920,025
Investments	218,321	218,321	-
Receivables, net	3,327,203	3,327,203	10,714,542
Prepaid items	89,898	89,898	11,011
Capital assets, net of depreciation	2,838,699	2,838,699	78,287
Land	1	1	•
Other assets		•	284,192
Total Assets	 7,133,134	7,133,134	15,008,057
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	2,834,193	2,834,193	-
Accrued liabilities	18,612	18,612	53,980
Unearned revenue	18,280	18,280	•
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	14,428	14,428	70,874
Due in more than one year	 43,285	43,285	986,470
Total Liabilities	 2,928,798	2,928,798	1,111,324
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets	2,838,700	2,838,700	78,287
Restricted			
Revolving Loan Fund	•	•	12,523,671
Intermediary Relending Program	-	-	385,146
Internal Service Fund	-		141,713
Unrestricted	 1,365,636	1,365,636	767,916_
	\$ 4,204,336	\$ 4,204,337	\$ 13,896,733

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

			Program Revenues		Net (A	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets	ue and
		7	Operating Grants	Capital Grants	Primary G	Primary Government	
Functions/Programs	Hynones	Charges for	and	and	Governmental		Component
	CAPCHOCO	Selvices	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Total	Unit
Primary government:							
Coveringental activities.							
General government	\$ 767,425	€9	· ·	\$ 211.561	\$ (555,864)	\$ (555 864)	
Direct federal programs	2,566,890	•	2,485,343	•		(81,546)	•
State administered programs	10,141,447	•	10,343,005	1.583.079	1 784 638	1 784 638	
Local programs	318,422	102,409			(216,013)	716,036	•
Total governmental activities	13,794,183	102,409	12,828,349	1,794,640	931,214	931.214	
Total primary government	\$ 13,794,183	\$ 102,409	\$ 12,828,349	\$ 1,794,640	931,214	931,214	
Component unit:							
Coastal Area District							
Development Authority, Inc.	\$ 1,685,587	\$ 1,106,219	\$ 358,771	٠ د	•	•	(220,597)
							(1)
I otal component unit	\$ 1,685,587	\$ 1,106,219	\$ 358,771	٠.		•	(220,597)
	General revenues:	nes:					
	Local government dues	nment dues			631,721	631,721	3
	Investment income, net	ncome, net			16,244	16,244	21,459
	Total gen	Total general revenue			129,675	129,675	20,559
		oral revenues			777,641	777,641	42,018
		Change in net assets			1,708,855	1,708,855	(178,579)
Net asset:	Net assets - beginning				2,495,481	2,495,481	14,075,312
Net asset:	Net assets - ending				\$ 4,204,336	\$4,204,336	\$ 13,896,733

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2011

						Total
				Special	Go	vernmental
ASSETS	Ge	neral Fund	Rev	venue Fund		Funds
	\$	659,012	\$		\$	659,012
Cash	Þ	•	Ф	-	Ф	•
Investments		218,322		-		218,322
Receivables:				0.606.056		0 (0 (0 ()
Federal grants		-		2,636,256		2,636,256
State grants		-		589,454		589,454
Local funding, net		21,292		80,200		101,492
Due from other funds		217,950		-		217,950
Prepaid items		89,898				89,898
Total Assets	\$	1,206,474		3,305,911	\$	4,512,384
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	13,254	\$	2,804,360	\$	2,817,614
Deferred Revenue		•		18,280		18,280
Due to other funds		-		253,141		253,141
Due to outer raines						
Total Liabilities		13,254		3,075,782		3,089,035
Fund Balances						
Fund Balance:						
Nonspendable		89,898		•		89,898
Assigned		74,734		230,129		304,863
Unassigned		1,028,588				1,028,588
Total Fund Balances		1,193,220		230,129		1,423,349
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	1,206,474	\$	3,305,911	\$	4,512,384

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2011

Total fund balances for governmental funds

\$ 1,423,349

Total net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:

Land	\$ 1	
Buildings and improvements, net of \$533,047 accumulated depreciation	388,750	
Equipment, net of \$94,704 accumulated depreciation	100,281	
Vehicles, net of \$108,527 accumulated depreciation	94,434	
Coastal Regional Coaches, net of \$714,937 accumulated depreciation	2,218,509	
Furniture & Fixtures, net of \$6034 accumulated depreciation	36,725	2,838,700

Long-term liabilities applicable to the CRC's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Compensated absences are not accrued in governmental funds. The amount payable for compensated absences at June 30, 2011 was:

(57,713)

Total net assets of governmental activities

\$ 4,204,336

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		General	Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			-	
Local government dues	\$	631,721	\$ -	\$ 631,721
Grants and contracts:			11 160 745	11 160 746
Federal		•	11,160,745 2,496,858	11,160,745 2,496,858
State		•	2,470,030	2,470,636
Other revenues:		16,244	_	16,244
Investment income, net		10,244	220,402	220,402
Contributions/Local		_	220,247	220,247
In-kind Revenues		100 (75	415,585	545,260
Other Income		129,675	14,513,837	15,291,477
Total Revenues		777,641	14,313,637	15,271,477
Expenditures				
Direct				
Current operating Personal services		-	1,673,573	1,673,573
Operating expenditures		123,174	10,555,449	10,678,623
Capital outlay		•	1,713,074	1,713,074
Total Direct Expenditures		123,174	13,942,096	14,065,270
10th 21100 211				
Indirect cost			707 726	797,736
Cost allocation plan			797,736	777,730
Total Expenditures		123,174	14,739,832	14,863,006
Excess (deficiency) of revenues and other sources over expenditures		654,466	(225,995)	428,471
-				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		32,075	442,008	474,084
Transfers in		(442,008)	(32,075)	(474,084)
Transfers out		(442,000)	(52,515)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(409,933)	409,933	•
Net Change in Fund Balance		244,533	183,938	428,471
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		948,687	46,191	994,878
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$_	1,193,220	\$ 230,129	\$ 1,423,349

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	428,471
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the		
statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as		
expenditures. However, in the statement of activities,		
the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated		
useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount		
by which capital outlays (\$1,919,679) exceeded		
depreciation expense (\$629,685) in the period.		1,289,994
In the statement of activities, certain operating		
expenses - compensated absences (annual leave) - are		
measured by the amounts earned during the year. In		
the governmental funds, however, expenditures for		
these items are measured by the amount of financial		
resources used (essentially, the amounts paid). This		
year, annual leave earned was more than the amount used		
by \$9,609.	-	(9,609)

\$ 1,708,855

Change in net assets of governmental activities

Statement of Net Assets Proprietary Funds June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service
Assets	
Current Assets:	
Due from other funds	\$ 35,191
Total current assets	35,191
Total Assets	35,191
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	35,191
Total current liabilities	35,191
Total Liabilities	35,191
Net Assets	÷
Unrestricted	
Total Net Assets	\$ -

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets Proprietary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Activities
	Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues	
RT & FB Recoveries	\$ 688,166
Indirect cost recovery	797,736
Total Operating Revenues	1,485,902
Operating Expenses	
RT & FB Pool:	
Annual leave taken	83,468
Emergency leave, military leave and jury duty	2,817
Holiday leave	80,064
Sick leave	49,555
Employer FICA	129,659
Pension	146,533
Health Insurance	153,750
Dental Insurance	8,571
Long-term disability insurance	10,214
Workers compensation and unemployment	23,535
Total RT & FB Costs	688,166
Indirect Cost	
Compensation	377,288
Fringe benefits	169,425
Automatic data processing	6,950
Travel	19,338
Building Operations	51,612
Communications	29,809
Postage and Freight	2,169
Personnel Administration	158
Memberships, subscriptions & professional activities	26,996
Audit and Accounting	30,200
Printing and Reproduction	3,645
Materials and supplies	11,206
Equipment lease and purchase	26,385
Maintenance and repair	11,371
Depreciation	28,982
Miscellaneous	
Total indirect cost pool	797,736
Change in net assets	-
Net Assets - Beginning of Year	-
Net Assets - End of Year	\$ -

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Governmental Activities
	Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash received from users Cash payments to and for employees Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,485,902 (1,065,454) (420,449)
Cash & Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year Cash & Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ -
Reconciliation of Net Income with Cash Received from Operating Activities	
Net income Add items not requiring cash outlay Increase (decrease) in accounts payable (Increase) decrease in due from other funds Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ - 18,503 (18,503) \$ -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The accounting methods adopted by Coastal Regional Commission conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governmental entities. The following Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of Coastal Regional Commission's financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Coastal Regional Commission (the "CRC") began operations in 1964 as the then Coastal Area Planning and Development Commission. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-41 provided for the succession, effective July 1, 1989. The OCGA Sections 50-8-30 through 50-8-67 outline the responsibilities and authority of regional commissions, of which there are twelve in Georgia. The CRC services 10 counties and 35 cities, providing local and regional comprehensive planning services as well as specialized planning services in transportation, water resources, and historic preservation. It also serves as the Economic Development District for Coastal Georgia, and as the Area Agency on Aging for nine of the ten counties in the region (excluding Screven). County members of the CRC are Bryan, Bulloch, Camden, Chatham, Effingham, Glynn, Liberty, Long, McIntosh and Screven. Municipal members are Pembroke, Richmond Hill, Statesboro, Brooklet, Portal, Register. Kingsland, St. Marys, Woodbine, Bloomingdale, Garden City, Pooler, Port Wentworth, Savannah, Thunderbolt, Tybee Island, Guyton, Rincon, Springfield, Brunswick, Allenhurst, Flemington, Gumbranch, Hinesville, Midway, Riceboro, Walthourville, Ludowici, Darien, Sylvania, Hiltonia, Oliver, Newington, and Rocky Ford.

The Coastal Regional Commission, effective July 1, 2009, succeeds the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center. Changes to the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) Section 50-8-31 et el, provided for this succession. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. Section 50-8-41, all contractual obligations, obligations to employees, other duties, rights and benefits of the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center shall automatically become duties, obligations, rights and benefits of the Coastal Regional Commission.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) defines the reporting entity as (a) the primary government; (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the CRC (the primary government) and its component unit, Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc. (CADDA), based upon criteria (b), above. As prescribed in Governmental Accounting Standards No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", the financial statements of CADDA have been included as a discretely presented component unit to emphasize that it is a separate legal entity from the CRC. The component unit column in the basic financial statements includes the financial data for CADDA as reflected in its most recent audited financial statements.

Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc. acts as a loan administration agent for the Small Business Administration. It also administers revolving loan funds for Economic Development Administration and Rural Development. Complete financial statements of CADDA

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

may be obtained directly from its administrative office at 501 Gloucester Street, Suite 201, Brunswick, Georgia 31520.

B. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 34, the CRC reporting model consists of the following:

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the CRC) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through local government dues, revenues from federal and state grantor agencies, and contracts with member governments. Business-type activities of the CRC consist of internal service fund transactions which bill the governmental activities for fringe benefit and indirect costs incurred. Internal service fund activity has been eliminated to remove the "doubling-up" effect. Internal service fund asset and liability balances not eliminated in the statement of activities are reported in the governmental activities column.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different functions and/or programs of the CRC's governmental activities (general government, direct federal programs, state administrated programs, and local programs). Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular program. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all local government dues, investment income, and miscellaneous revenues, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the CRC's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The CRC reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The general fund of the CRC accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Specifically, the general fund will account for all activity not associated with a grant and /or contract. Non-contractual services performed by the CRC for a local government may be accounted for in the general fund. Dues from member governments are accounted for in the general fund. Any portion of member dues used as matching funds for grant and contracts are transferred to the special revenue fund. Likewise, any

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

member dues needed to cover indirect costs that are not recovered from revenues earned from grants and contracts are transferred to the internal service fund. The general fund also accounts for any activity of the CRC that is not allowable for reimbursement under a grant or contractual agreement.

Special Revenue Fund. The special revenue fund of the CRC accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. This includes all grants and contracts received by the CRC. The CRC uses cost centers and subaccounts identified as elements in its accounting system to account for each grant or contract in the special revenue fund.

The CRC does not report any major enterprise funds.

The CRC reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund. This fund accounts for employee benefits and indirect costs in accordance with the CRC's cost allocation plan. These costs are pooled and billed to the grants and contracts accounted for in the special revenue fund. These reimbursements from the special revenue fund are recognized as revenue in the internal service fund as cost recoveries. Operating expenses for the internal service fund include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the CRC gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include donations.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The CRC considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Dues from member county and municipal governments and the earned portion of grants and contracts are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the CRC funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the CRC's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the CRC follow private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The CRC has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the CRC's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

C. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the CRC considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Deposits and Investments

Investments are reported at fair market value using published market prices. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts.

Receivables and Accounts Payable

Dues from member governments are recognized as receivables and revenue (net of estimated uncollectible amounts) quarterly as assessments are billed. Receivables and revenues (net of estimated uncollectible amounts) from government—mandated or voluntary non-exchange transactions (grants and contracts) are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Resources received by the CRC before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenues. The CRC also recognizes liabilities and expenses to sub recipients related to grant programs and contractual relationships when the sub recipients meet all eligibility and time requirements.

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit subsequent periods are recorded as prepaid items in the government-wide financial statements. The general fund records prepaid items using the consumption method.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, improvements to land, easements, buildings, building improvements, vehicles, machinery, equipment, computers, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond one year are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. The CRC capitalizes all capital assets, as defined above, with a cost in excess of \$5,000.

Major outlays for constructed capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction phase of capital assets, net of related interest earned, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. There were no constructed projects with capitalized interest for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings / Improvements	10 - 50 Years
Equipment	5 – 10 Years
Furniture & Fixtures	10 - 20 Years
Vehicles	5 – 6 Years

Depreciation is reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

Under GASB Statement 34, the CRC is required to capitalize infrastructure projects completed during the year, and to retroactively capitalize all major general infrastructure assets that were acquired in fiscal years ended after June 30, 1980 for its fiscal year ending June 30, 2008. Because the CRC does not engage directly in infrastructure projects, no capitalization under these provisions is required.

Compensated Absences

The CRC charges employee benefits and compensated absences in accordance with its cost allocation plan as an allowable reimbursable cost under the provisions of OMB Circular A-87. The compensated absences and employee benefits are recorded in the internal service fund, pooled and allocated to the general fund and the special revenue fund based on the ratio that each fund's total personnel compensation bears to total allocable compensation. Allocations are made monthly based on costs incurred for the month. Accordingly, allocation percentages of the various special revenue funds may vary. Recoveries of these costs are transferred to the internal service fund and are recognized as operating revenue.

Employees are awarded ten days per year of vacation leave (fifteen days and twenty days per year after continuous service of five years and ten years, respectively). No more than forty-five days of vacation may be carried over into the next calendar. In the event that an employee terminates employment, the employee is compensated for the accumulated leave not taken. The liability for compensated absences reported in the government—wide statements consists of unpaid vacation leave. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Fund Equity

In the financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

- Nonspendable amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts are restricted when constraints have been placed on the use of resources by (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Council. The Council approves committed resources through a motion and vote during the voting session of Council meetings.
- Assigned amounts that are constrained by the Council's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent is expressed by the Council.
- Unassigned amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that are not restricted, committed or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the Commission's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the Commission's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

The by-laws of the Commission require at a minimum 5%-10% minimum fund balance policy of the annual budget.

The following is a summary of the fund balance classifications as of June 30, 2011:

	General		Special Revenue			
Fund Balances	Fund		Fund		Total	
Nonspendable:						
Prepaids	\$	89,898	\$	-	\$	89,898
Assigned for:						
Coastal Georgia Books		74,734		-		74,734
Coordinated Transportation		-		91,805		91,805
Comprehensive Planning		-		129,107		129,107
EB-5		-		9,217		9,217
Unassigned		1,028,588		•		1,028,588
Total fund balances	\$	1,193,220	\$	230,129	\$	1,423,349

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

D. Budget and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared and legally adopted for the General and Special Revenue Fund. Legal provisions govern the budgetary process. The CRC follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- The Executive Director submits to the Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is formally adopted on an agency-wide, functional expense level, which is the legal level of budgetary control.
- The budget so adopted may be revised during the year only by formal action of the Council in a regular meeting. The Council will make any changes necessary to adopt the budget.
- Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principals for the general and special revenue funds.
- Budgeted amounts, as presented in the accompanying financial statements, are as
 originally adopted and as amended by the Council. Unobligated appropriations in the
 annual operating budget lapse at fiscal year end.

E. Compensated Absences and Employee Benefits Rate\Long-Term Debt

The CRC charges employee benefits and compensated absences in accordance with its cost allocation plan as an allowable reimbursable cost under the provisions of United States Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-87. The compensated absences and employee benefits are recognized in the internal service fund and accumulated in an employee benefit pool. The compensated absences are identified in the internal service fund as released time (identifying these costs as time the employee is released from work). These costs are pooled with other paid benefits (fringe benefits) to be shared by all programs and not directly charged to a particular program.

Total compensated absences and employee benefits incurred by the CRC for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 totaled \$688,166. These costs were recognized in the internal service fund. Released time and fringe benefit allocations are recorded in the special revenue fund (at actual costs) each month. Recoveries of these costs are recognized as revenue in the internal service fund. The CRC's released time and fringe benefit rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 was 44.92%. The allocation base used is chargeable salaries, which were \$1,532,120 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Accrued compensated absences activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	06/30/10	Increases	Decreases	06/30/11	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 48,103	\$ 83,468	\$ 73,858	\$ 57,713	\$ 14,428
Total - governmental activities	\$ 48,103	\$ 83,468	\$ 73,858	\$ 57,713	\$ 14,428

Liabilities related to compensated absences are liquidated with resources from the CRC's Special Revenue Fund.

F. Indirect Cost Rates

Central support costs are recorded in the internal service fund as indirect costs in the CRC's accounting system and recovered from costs that are defined by OMB Circular A-87, Attachment A, as costs "(a) incurred for a common or joint purpose benefiting more than one cost objective, and (b) not readily assignable to the cost objectives specifically benefited, without effort disproportionate to the results achieved." Pursuant to OMB Circular A-87, the U.S. Department of Commerce (DOC) is designated as the cognizant agency for the federal government with responsibility for negotiation, approval and audit of the CRC's central support services cost allocation plan. The DOC notified the Commission in 2003 that OMB Circular A-87 did not require the commission to submit its indirect cost plan, but that the plan must be prepared, retained and subject to audit.

During budget preparation, the CRC's prepares an indirect cost allocation plan that computes a fixed rate for indirect costs (including indirect salaries and fringe benefits related to indirect salaries) of total direct salaries and fringe benefits related to those direct salaries. Allocations are made monthly based on actual indirect costs incurred for the month. Accordingly, allocation percentages of the various special revenue funds may vary from month to month. Recoveries of these costs are recognized as revenue in the internal service fund.

The budgeted indirect cost allocation rate for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 was 46.71% and the actual rate was 47.67% of direct salaries and fringe benefits related to those direct salaries.

G. Risk Management

The CRC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; and errors and omissions. The CRC purchases commercial insurance for these types of risk. Insurance coverage by major categories of risk has not changed significantly from the prior year. Settlements in excess of coverage are expensed as incurred. There were no settlements in the last nine fiscal years.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes. Accordingly, actual results may differ.

I. Subsequent Events

The CRC has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure in the financial statements through November 1, 2011, the date in which the financial statements were issued. The CRC has determined that there are no subsequent events to report or disclose.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Demand Deposits and Certificates of Deposits

The Official Code of Georgia requires that deposited funds be secured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), pledged securities, or a combination of these methods. The fair value of pledged securities should equal or exceed 110 percent of the deposited public funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, the CRC will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All the CRC's deposits are covered by a combination of federal depository insurance and securities pledged by financial institutions as collateral to protect the deposits of the CRC as required under state law. Therefore, the CRC has no custodial credit risk.

The carrying amount of the CRC's deposits with financial institutions as of June 30, 2011 was \$658,911. The bank balance was \$740,095 on June 30, 2011. Of the bank balances, \$261,831 was covered by federal depository insurance, \$478,264 was collateralized in a pool of pledged securities, in the CRC's name, established and maintained by SunTrust Bank in accordance with Georgia Uniform Commercial Code Chapter 8, Title 45, Code Section 45-8-1.

B. Investments

The CRC has not adopted a formal investment policy. The CRC had the following investments and maturities as of June 30, 2011:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)				
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10	
Mutual stock funds Mutual bond fund	\$ 10,600 64,134	\$ 10,600 64,134	-	100	-	
Annuity and other holdings	143,588	143,588*		=		
Total	\$ 218,321	\$ 218,321		-		

^{*} The annuity has a maturity date of the earlier of the death of the annuitant, the date the annuity is annuitized or the surrender of the annuity for cash value by the Council.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Interest Rate Risk/Credit Risk - The CRC does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The CRC has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices other than approval by the Council.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The CRC places no limit on the amount the CRC may invest in any one issuer.

Included in investments is an annuity in the amount of \$143,588. A supplemental retirement plan for the prior Executive Director was approved by the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center (CGRDC) Board of Directors on November 18, 1992. The plan was funded by a life insurance contract underwritten by Jefferson Pilot. The plan was a "split dollar" insurance arrangement. On September 11, 2003 the Internal Revenue Service released final regulations governing the tax treatment of "split-dollar" insurance arrangements. These regulations made this type of arrangement an unattractive form of fringe benefit to be provided by employers. Therefore, the Board of Directors terminated the "split dollar" life insurance contract and on March 10, 2004 purchased an annuity through Jackson National Life Insurance Company with the equity interest of the life insurance policy intended to supplement the retirement income of the prior Executive Director. The Board of Directors approved a deferred compensation agreement for the prior Executive Director to be funded by the above annuity. However, the deferred compensation agreement was never formally signed and executed. On May 10, 2006, the Board approved the transfer of funds to the DB Plan for the account of the prior Executive Director equal to the then current value of the annuity contract in partial satisfaction of his accrued prior service cost. This transfer was made from the unreserved fund balance on August 29, 2006, in the amount of \$125,607. The CRC owns all rights to the annuity contract, and the prior Executive Director signed a release of his rights to annuitize the contract.

NOTE 3 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The following table presents the CRC's fair value hierarchy for the financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

	FAIR VALUE REPORT	MEASURE	· ·
		QUOT	ED PRICES IN
		ACTIV	E MARKETS
		FOR	IDENTICAL
	FAIR VALUE	ASSE'	rs (LEVEL 1)
Investments	\$ 218,321	\$	218,321

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2011 was as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2010 Increases		Decreases	June 30, 2011	
Governmental Activities:	July 1, 2010	Increases	Decreases	<u>Julio 30, 2011</u>	
Capital assets not being depreciated:		•	s -	\$ 1	
Land	\$ 1		<u> </u>	<u>Ф</u>	
Total captal assets not being	•		_	1	
depreciated	1				
Capital assets being depreciated:			(0.4.00.6)	001 707	
Buildings	956,133	-	(34,336)	921,797	
Automobiles	180,835	57,676	(35,550)	202,961	
Public Transportation Vehicles	1,171,828	1,761,618	-	2,933,446	
Equipment	165,119	77,209	(47,343)	194,985	
Furniture & fixtures	14,627	28,132		42,759	
Total captal assets being			(4.5.500)	4 205 046	
depreciated	2,488,542	1,924,635	(117,229)	4,295,948	
Less Accumulated depreciation					
for:			(0.0. (1.0)	522.047	
Buildings	524,112	41,554	(32,619)	533,047	
Automobiles	124,494	19,583	(35,550)	108,527	
Public Transportation Vehicles	158,912	556,025	-	714,937	
Equipment	127,016	11,791	(44,103)	94,704	
Furniture & fixtures	5,302	731		6,034	
Total accumulated depreciation	939,837	629,685	(112,272)	1,457,249	
Governmental activities capital assets being depreciated, net	1,548,705	1,294,951	(4,957)	2,838,699	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,548,706	\$ 1,294,951	\$ (4,957)	\$ 2,838,700	

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Depreciation:

General Government

\$ 629,685

Total depreciation expense

\$ 629,685

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Balances Due to/from Other Funds

Transfers to/from Other Funds

Governmental Funds	Due From Other Funds	Due To Other Funds	
General Fund	\$ 217,950	\$ -	
Special Revenue Funds	-	253,141	
Proprietary Funds			
Internal Service Fund	35,191	-	
Totals	\$ 253,141	\$ 253,141	

During the course of its operations, the Commission has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations and to provide services. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of June 30, 2011, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded. To the extent that these balances are between Governmental Funds, they have been eliminated on the statement of net assets.

	Transfer In					
		MAJOR	FUND	S		
Transfer Out	General Fund		Special Revenue		Total	
General Fund Special Revenue Funds	\$	(442,008) 32,075	\$	(32,075) 442,008	\$	(474,083) 474,083
Totals	\$	(409,933)	_\$_	409,933	\$	•

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

NOTE 6 - RECEIVABLES

Revenues from grants and contracts are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. Amounts shown on the Statement of Net Assets represent the unpaid portion of qualifying expenditures. A detail of major fund receivables follows:

	Billed	Unbilled
Governmental Activities:		
Major Funds:		
General Fund:		•
Member government dues	\$ 21,292	
Sub-total General Fund	21,292	
Special Revenue Fund:		
Federal Grants and Contracts:		
DHR - Aging Programs	790,760	5,690
NCOA - Aging Programs	2,200	-
DHR - Transportation Programs	107,206	-
DOT Grants - Transportation	349,310	9,610
OEA - Planning Programs	1,321,029	385
EDA - Economic Development	14,917	-
DNR - Planning Programs	7,180	40
DOT Grants - Planning	27,929	
Sub-total	2,620,531	15,725
State Grants and Contracts:		
DHR - Aging Programs	489,646	-
DOT Grants - Transportation	13,788	-
DCA - Planning Programs	86,020_	
Sub-total	589,454	
Other Grants and Contracts:		
Local Contracts - Transportation Programs	61,597	-
Local Contracts - Aging Programs	55,450	-
Local Contracts - Planning Programs	3,609	•
Local Contracts - Other Revenue	306	-
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts	(40,762)	
Sub-total	80,200	
Sub-total Special Revenue Fund	3,290,185	15,725
Total Receivables	\$ 3,311,477	\$ 15,725

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

NOTE 7 – REGIONAL APPROPRIATIONS

The major revenue reported in the General Fund is received from local governmental units within the Coastal Georgia Region. Georgia law stipulates an annual local funding formula, under which the amounts recognized as revenue in the General Fund by the CRC from the local units of government are assessed to the member governments at a rate of \$1.00 per capita.

The total amount assessed to the member local governments for the year ended June 30, 2011 was \$631,721.

NOTE 8 - RETIREMENT PLANS

The CRC provides retirement benefits to eligible employees through three plans: a defined contribution plan, a 401(k) plan and a defined benefit plan.

Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The defined contribution plan includes both a defined employer contribution component and a 401(k) component. The name of the defined contribution plan is the Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center Retirement Plan (the "DC Plan"). The DC Plan was amended on January 1, 2003. Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center Employees' Profit Sharing Plan and Coastal Georgia Regional Development Center 401(k) Plan were the original plan names. The DC Plan was further amended effective April 1, 2006 to: (a) provide that no future discretionary employer contributions would be made to the DC Plan; and (b) permit a one time trustee-to-trustee transfer of all or part of each participant's account balances to the DB Plan for the purpose of purchasing service credit, as more fully discussed below. This amendment was effected to allow for the transition from the defined employer contribution component of the DC Plan to the DB Plan as the primary retirement benefit vehicle.

Participation in the defined contribution component of the DC Plan was automatic once an employee met the eligibility requirements. Participation in the 401(k) component was at the employee's discretion once the eligibility requirements were met. An employee was eligible to participate in the DC Plan after the completion of one (1) year of service and after attaining age twenty-one (21). Completion of "Year of Service" at the end of twelve consecutive months of employment was contingent upon at least 1,000 hours of service.

Contributions to the defined contribution component have been "allocated" or divided among plan participants eligible to share in the contribution for the plan year. An employee's share of the contribution depended upon the ratio of his compensation during the year to total compensation received by other eligible participants. Contributions were first allocated to an employee's account in the same proportion that an employee's compensation exceeds 25% of the Social Security Taxable Wage Base (also called "excess compensation"). However, the maximum amount which could be allocated to an employee in this first step is 4.3% of an employee's "excess compensation" plus the employee's compensation. If an unallocated portion of the defined contribution remains, it was allocated in the same proportion that each employee's compensation bears to the total compensation of all participants. Compensation is defined as the total compensation paid to an employee that is subject to income tax and reported on an employee's Form W-2. As discussed below, most employees requested a trustee-to-trustee transfers of amounts accrued to their benefit in the DC Plan to the defined benefit plan. There remain a

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

few former employees, who we were unable to contact, that still have accrued benefits in the 401(k) component of the DC Plan. The market value of the 401(k) component as of June 30, 2011 was \$3,095.

The DC Plan is administered by Erskine & Associates, Pension Consultants & Administrators, 340 Eisenhower Drive, Suite 730, Savannah, GA 31406.

401(k) Plan

An employee is eligible to participate in the 401(k) plan, with respect to making salary reduction contributions and matching contributions once the employee has attained age 21 and completed three months of service. Employee contributions to the 401(k) plan may not exceed the dollar limitations set by law. Each year the CRC will match \$.50 for every dollar up to a maximum of 6% of an employee's salary. The employer and employee contributions to the 401(k) plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 were \$26,315 and \$67,299, respectively.

During fiscal year 2007, management and administration of the 401(k) plan were transferred to ICMA-RC Services, LLC, 777 North Capitol Street, NE, Washington, DC 2002-4240.

Agent Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Retirement Plan

The Coastal Regional Commission Defined Benefit Plan (the "DB Plan") was established effective April 1, 2006 with the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS). The DB Plan, an agent multiple-employer plan, provides for retirement benefits of 2% of the participant's annual average ending compensation for every credited year of service. All full-time employees as of April 1, 2006 were eligible to participate immediately in the DB Plan. Individuals employed by the CRC after that date must satisfy a one-year waiting period to participate. Benefits accrued under the DB Plan vest 100% to the participants upon the completion of five years of total credited service. GMEBS provided an actuarial calculation of prior service costs under the DB Plan for existing employees as of April 1, 2006 so that they might "purchase" prior service credits. Employees had the option of requesting trustee-to-trustee transfers of amounts accrued to their benefit in the DC Plan to make such purchases. Employees could either forfeit any excess prior service costs over their accrued DC Plan balances, or could provide alternative financing to purchase such service credits. For those employees with accrued benefits in the defined contribution component of the DC Plan exceeding the calculated prior service costs under the DB Plan, such excess was transferred to their 401(k) account.

Funding Policy

Employees make no contributions to the plan. Contributions to the DB Plan are made by the CRC based on the annual actuarially determined service cost. Since April 2006, the GMEBS has provided the CRC an actuarially valuation of the plan as of January 1st of each year. The GMEBS implemented changes in the Actuarial Valuation and Review as of January 1, 2010, in order to provide agencies with a recommended contribution rate that coincides with the agency's fiscal year.

The period, and related method, for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years, from 2007, and current charges in the unfunded actuarial liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses, 20 years for plan provisions, and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and costs methods as a level dollar amount.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2011 the required contribution was determined as part of the January 1, 2010 actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. The actuarial methods and assumptions follow.

Required Supplementary Information - Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Remaining Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method January 1, 2011
Projected Unit Credit
Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability
N/A

Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than market value at end of year. The Actuarial value is adjusted, as necessary, to be within 50% of market value for 2009, 44% of market value for 2010, 38% of market value for 2011, 32 % of market value for 2012, 26% of market value for 2013, and 20% of market value for 2014 and later years.

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment Rate of Return Projected Salary Increases Cost of Living Adjustments

3.50% plus age and service based merit increases 0.00%

Membership of the Plan

Retirees and beneficiaries Terminated plan members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits Active plan members

1 <u>32</u>

1

TOTAL 34

Annual Pension Cost

The required annual contribution is determined as part of the actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Since April 2006, the GMEBS has provided an Actuarially Valuation and Review as of January 1st of each year. The GMEBS implemented changes in the Actuarial Valuation and Review as of January 1, 2010, in order to provide agencies with a recommended contribution rate that coincides with the agency's fiscal year.

The required contribution from the Actuarial Valuation and Review prepared as of January 1, 2010 was for the period of July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2011. The required contribution was \$120,218. Trend information on the annual pension cost, the percentage contributed and the net pension obligation follow.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Four-Year Trend Information

Fiscal Year	Annu	Net Pension			
Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)		Contributed	Obligation	
June 30, 2008	\$	90,512	100%	•	
June 30, 2009		86,073	100%	•	
June 30, 2010		88,399	100%	•	
June 30, 2011		120,218	100%	•	

The funded status of the plan as of January 1, 2011, the most recent actuarial valuation date, is as follows:

		Unfunded				UAAL as a Percentage
	Actuarial Accrued Value of Liability(AAI		AAL Funded (UAAL) Ratio		Covered Payroll	of Covered Payroll
	Assets (a)	(b) _	(b) - (a)	(a) / (b)	(c)	((b - a) /c)
January 1, 2011	\$ 1,246,396	\$ 1,417,077	\$ 170,681	87.96%	\$ 1,583,267	10.78%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial values of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL's for benefits.

The GMEBS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the plan. The report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, GA 30303.

The DC Plan and DB Plan records are maintained on a calendar year, and are governed by the laws of the State of Georgia. Trustees have the right to amend the Plans at any time, with approval by the Board of Directors. In no event, however, will any amendment authorize or permit any part of either plan's assets to be used for purposes other than the exclusive benefit of participants or their beneficiaries. Benefits provided by the Plans are not insured by the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation (PBGC) because the insurance provisions under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) are not applicable to the Plans. The Coastal Regional Commission's Council establishes the contribution requirements of the DC Plan as permitted by federal and state statue.

NOTE 9 - COMPONENT UNIT

The Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc. (CADDA) has a September 30 year-end. The financial information presented discretely in this report is as of September 30, 2010.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc. (a not-for-profit Georgia corporation) (the Authority) conform to the practices prescribed or permitted by the Economic Development Administration (EDA) and by the state of Georgia. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Component-unit financial reporting requirements

On May 9, 1996, the Attorney General of the state of Georgia issued an official opinion regarding the Authority's legal relationship to the Coastal Regional Commission (CRC), which created the Authority in 1976. The official opinion concluded that the CRC could not legally divest itself of its oversight responsibilities with respect to the Authority. Accordingly, as a result of this opinion, the Authority is considered a component unit of the CRC for financial reporting purposes in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 14. The Authority does not have oversight responsibilities for any component units. Thus, no such component units are considered in the accompanying financial statements.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

On the government-wide Statement of Net assets and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus in the fund financial statements.

The proprietary funds utilize a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the balance sheet using this measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position and cash flow. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net assets. Proprietary Fund type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net total assets.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are earned, and expenses are recognized when the liability is incurred or the economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange occurs.

All proprietary funds are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they are earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred or the economic asset used.

Basis of presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Fund Financial Statements – Fund financial statements reflect the activities of the Authority's individual funds. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the Authority (general fund) or meets the following criteria:

- (a) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- (b) Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The Authority has elected to apply Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989 in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for the proprietary funds, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case GASB prevails.

As a general rule, the effects of internal activity have been eliminated from the governmental-wide statements. Amounts charged through the Authority's indirect cost allocation plan are broken out in a separate column on the Statement of Activities. Where internal activity is representative of an interfund service provided and used, no elimination has been made. Internal activities have not been eliminated from the fund financial statements.

In proprietary funds, operating revenues and expenses result from the provision of goods and/or services as well as the production and delivery of goods and/or services. Nonoperating revenues and expenses would include all revenues and expenses related to capital and related financing and contributions, noncapital financing, taxes, or investment activities.

Columnar headings and description of funds

The Authority uses funds to report financial position and the results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. Funds shown in the Basic Financial Statements are described below:

1. Major Proprietary Funds

The major proprietary funds of the Authority are the described below:

a. Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) — This fund was created by a \$ 5 million grant. As loan payments are received, the funds are loaned to other qualified businesses within the nine-county coastal Georgia regional area serviced by the Authority. This fund is used to target community projects that result in a positive economic impact and the creation of jobs.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

- b. Rural Development Intermediary Relending Program (RD IRP) In 1990 the Authority recognized the need to provide rural areas with attractive funds and applied for the Intermediary Relending Program. Funds were made available to the Authority for relending in 1991. The service area of the program has been expanded to include sixteen counties. Rural Development assistance is available through the Authority at a reasonable interest rate designated to provide assistance to businesses in rural areas.
- c. <u>Rural Development Intermediary Relending Program #2 (RD IRP #2)</u> In 2002, the Authority was approved for a second IRP commitment of \$750,000 for relending to qualified businesses in the sixteen-county area.
- d. <u>Nonpublic Fund</u> Nonpublic funds are unrestricted funds generated primarily through charges for loan services. Revenues are recognized when earned, rather than when received, and expenses are recognized when incurred, rather than when disbursed. The Schedule of Nonpublic Funds details the composition of the balance at September 30, 2010.

2. Other Reported Fund Types

Internal Service Funds – The Internal Service Fund (ISF) was created to handle operating expenses and carry fixed asset balances. Various inter- company transfers were made to properly establish the fund balances. Funding necessary to cover operating expenses is allocated among the Nonpublic Fund, RD IRP, RD IRP #2 and RLF projects based on the percentage of time Authority personnel spend on the respective projects.

Statement of Activities - Program Revenues

Transactions included in program revenues for governmental activities are revenues of the ISF from the business-type activity funds generated to cover the various operating expenses of the Authority. Transactions included in program revenues for business-type activities are charged for services provided by the RLF, RD IRP, RD IRP #2, and Nonpublic Fund.

Furniture, equipment and vehicles

Furniture, equipment and vehicles are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method and is based on estimated useful lives of five years for vehicles and five to seven years for furniture and equipment. Maintenance, repairs and improvements that do not materially improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are expensed when incurred.

Restricted assets

When both restricted and unrestricted assets are available for certain uses, the Authority follows the policy of utilizing restricted resources prior to applying unrestricted resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Grants

Grants from the EDA and other governmental agencies are recorded as additions to the principal fund balance based on grant terms and conditions.

Allocated expenses / interfund transfers

All expenses not directly charged to the Nonpublic Fund, RD IRP, RD IRP #2 or the RLF are charged to the ISF. These expenses are then allocated to the other four projects based on the percentage of time Authority personnel spend on the respective projects. On the accompanying statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets – proprietary funds, the ISF includes 'indirect cost recovery' as revenue which is offset by 'allocated expenses' included by the Nonpublic Fund, RD IRP, RD IRP #2 and the RLF. Interfund due to/from balances are expected to be settled within one year of September 30, 2010.

Income taxes

The Internal Revenue Service has determined that the Authority is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c) (4) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, there has been no provision or liability recorded in the accompanying financial statements for income taxes.

Cash and cash equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Authority considers all highly-liquid debt instruments and interest-bearing deposits in banks purchased with a maturity of twelve months or less to be cash equivalents.

All bank deposits are insured or collateralized with securities held by the government or by its agent in the government's name.

Vacation and sick pay

The Authority's employees with less than three years of service may accrue a maximum of ten days, employees with three to fifteen years of service may accrue a maximum of fifteen days of vacation pay, and employees with fifteen years of service may accrue a maximum of twenty days of vacation pay. Accrued vacation pay amounted to \$17,995 and \$14,115 as of September 30, 2010 and 2009 respectively, and is included with accrued liabilities in the accompanying financial statements.

Retirement pay

During 1985, the Authority adopted The Coastal Area District Development Authority Money Purchase Plan (the Plan) for its employees. The Plan is a defined contribution profit-sharing plan that is administered by Principal Financial. The Plan provisions and contribution requirements were established by the Authority's Board of Directors and may be amended at the Authority's Board of Directors' discretion. All employees age eighteen and older who meet the service requirement are covered. The Plan does not vest

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

during the first and second year of service, and is 100% vested after the third year of service. During fiscal years 2010 and 2009, employer contributions totaled 8% of total compensation. For the years ended September 30, 2010 and 2009, expense related to the Plan totaled \$39,898 and \$39,423, respectively. No contribution requirements exist for members of the Plan; however employees may elect to contribute to a 401k or Roth IRA.

Loan confirmations

At the request of management, the auditors performed a 100% confirmation of outstanding loan balances and followed up on confirmed differences.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

Risk management

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The Authority carries commercial insurance, which sufficiently covers the risk of loss.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and related notes.

Subsequent events

The Authority has evaluated subsequent events through December 8, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Interfund payables and receivables

During the course of operations, transactions may occur between individual funds that result in amounts owed between funds. Activity that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal period is referred to as either "due to/from other funds". Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables". Interfund receivables and payables between the same fund types, i.e., within governmental activities or within business-type activities, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Assets. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide statements as "due (to) from other fund".

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The following interfund receivable and (payable) balances existed at September 30, 2010:

Internal Service Fund (ISF) Due from RLF Due from Nonpublic Fund Due from RD Due from RD#2	\$ 35,531 43,335 1,617 1,447	\$ 81,930
Revolving Loan Fund (RLF) Due to Nonpublic Fund Due to ISF Due to RD	(1,474) (35,531) (528)	(37,533)
Rural Development (RD) Due from RD #2 Due from RLF Due to ISF	220 528 (1,617)	(869)
Rural Development #2 (RD #2) Due to RD Due to Nonpublic Fund Due to ISF	(220) (20,000) (1,447)	(21,667)
Non-Public Fund Due from RD#2 Due from RLF Due to ISF	20,000 1,474 (43,335)	(21,861)
Total		\$ -

B. Nature of Operations

The purpose of most of the Authority's economic development loan programs is to create or retain permanent jobs and to increase productivity within the coastal Georgia area. The increased tax base directly benefits cities and counties, with a positive effect from the region in terms of growth and prosperity.

The Authority was created in 1976 to administer a \$5 million grant to a seafood processor in Glynn County, Georgia. This grant agreement permitted the creation of the RLF. As loan payments are received, the funds are loaned to other qualified businesses within the nine-county coastal Georgia regional area serviced by the Authority. This fund is used to target community projects that result in a positive economic impact and the creation of jobs. In addition to assisting businesses through the RLF, in May 1982, the Authority became a Certified Development

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Company for the purpose of delivering the Small Business Administration (SBA) 504 Program to all of Georgia as well as areas of Florida and South Carolina. This program provides longer repayment terms, a fixed reasonable interest rate, and up to 90% financing of eligible fixed assets, to expanding small businesses in the region.

In 1986, the Authority broadened its scope of assistance to small businesses by adding the service of packaging SBA guaranteed loans for banks under the SBA 7(A) program. This program enables the Authority to assist small business customers with a loan program structured to fit the needs of most companies, especially those companies not initially creating jobs.

In 1990, the Authority recognized the need to provide rural areas with attractive funds and applied for the Intermediary Relending Program. Funds were made available to the Authority for relending in 1991. The service area of the program has been expanded to include sixteen counties. Rural Development assistance is available through the Authority at a reasonable interest rate designated to provide assistance to businesses in rural areas. In 2002, the Authority was approved for second IRP commitment of \$750,000. No amounts were drawn on these funds in 2010 and 2009. This fund required a \$112,500 match from the Nonpublic Fund.

C. Designated Funds

A portion of cash and cash equivalents, which includes money market funds and certificates of deposit, has been committed to the funding of additional development loans. As of September 30, 2010 and 2009, the following amount had been approved by the Board of Directors of the Authority as loan commitments, but remained unfunded:

As of September 30, 2010 and 2009, the following amounts were unfunded, but had been approved by the Board of Directors and were associated with closed loan agreements:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>		
RLF	\$ 749,029	\$	666,549	

D. Development Loan Receivable

Development loans receivable, both direct and participating, consisted of the following as of September 30, 2010 and 2009:

		<u>2010</u>	2009
RLF	\$	9,774,356	\$ 10,465,242
RD IRP		669,108	710,552
RD IRP #2	490	679,910	 808,311
	\$	11,123,374	\$ 11,984,105

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Changes in the allowance for loan losses on both categories of development loans receivable as of September 30, 2010 and 2009 are summarized as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Balance at the beginning of the year	\$ 431,369	\$ 596,983
Provision for loan losses	398,456	109,310
Charge-offs	(376,602)	(274,924)
Balance at the end of the year	\$ 453,223	\$ 431,369

E. Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are included in the Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund and consisted of the following as of September 30, 2010 and 2009:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Automobiles	\$ 68,586	\$ 44,000
Furniture	8,649	8,649
Equipment	91,906	100,273
Eduption	 169,141	152,922
Accumulated depreciation-Automobiles	(27,393)	(18,593)
Accumulated depreciation-Furniture	(8,649)	(8,649)
Accumulated depreciation-Equipment	(54,812)	(56,983)
Accumulated depters	 (90,854)	(84,225)
	\$ 78,287	\$ 68,697

Automobile additions and disposals totaled \$24,586 and \$0, respectively, during the year ended September 30, 2010. No acquisitions or dispositions of furniture occurred during the year ended September 30, 2010. Equipment additions and disposals totaled \$7,485 and \$15,852, respectively, during the year ended September 30, 2010. Accumulated depreciation was increased for the current period depreciation totaling \$22,289 and decreased by \$15,660 related to equipment dispositions during the year. Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2010 totaled \$22,289.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Due to the limitations placed on the Authority by the original grant agreement (Note 9.B.), the Authority is prohibited from making RLF loans outside the member area of the CRC. This area consists of the counties of Bryan, Bulloch, Camden, Chatham, Effingham, Glynn, Liberty, Long, and McIntosh located in southeastern Georgia.

Under the RD IRP and RD IRP #2, the Authority is prohibited from making loans outside of the designated areas in the counties of Bryan, Camden, Effingham, Emanuel, Glynn, Liberty, Long, McIntosh, Appling, Bacon, Brantley, Charlton, Evans, Pierce, Tattnall, Ware, and Wayne.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

The Authority is consequently subject to credit risks from factors affecting the economy of this area.

F. Long-Term Debt Related to Business-Type Activities

RD IRP Original

On November 13, 1992, the Authority entered into an agreement with the U.S. Department of Agriculture whereby the Rural Development loaned the Authority \$ 1,000,000 to be used in accordance with the RD IRP. Interest was paid annually through January 1994. Beginning in January 1994, the loan became payable in twenty-nine equal annual payments of principal and interest of \$39,900. The loan accrues interest at 1% per annum and is secured by the portfolio of investments derived from the loan proceeds and assignment of UCC and mortgage securities, received from ultimate recipient borrowers. At September 30, 2010 and 2009, the outstanding balance under this agreement totaled \$446,657 and \$481,739, respectively. During fiscal year 2010, \$35,083 was paid to decrease the outstanding balance. The principal portion of the amount due to be paid in fiscal year ending September 30, 2011 is \$35,443.

Future debt service requirements in aggregate are as follows:

For	the	Ye	ear	En	din	g
-----	-----	----	-----	----	-----	---

September 30,]	Principal		nterest
2011	\$	35,433	\$	4,467
2012		35,788		4,112
2013		36,146		3,754
2014		36,507		3,393
2015		36,872		3,028
2016 - 2020		188,084		10,294
2021 - 2022		77,827		1,127
	\$	446,657	\$	30,175

RD IRP #2

In 2002, the U.S. Department of Agriculture approved a second IRP commitment of \$750,000 for the Authority. Interest only was payable annually through April 2006. Beginning in April 2006, the loan became payable in twenty-seven equal annual payments of principal and interest of \$30,974. The loan accrues interest at 1% per annum and is secured by the portfolio of investments derived from the loan proceeds and assignment of UCC and mortgage securities, received from ultimate recipient borrowers. At September 30, 2010 and 2009, the outstanding balance under this agreement totaled \$610,687 and \$636,163, respectively. During fiscal year 2010, \$25,476 was paid to decrease the outstanding balance. The principal portion of the amount due to be paid in fiscal year ending September 30, 2011 is \$24,858.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Future debt service requirements in aggregate are as follows:

For	the	Y	ear	En	ding
-----	-----	---	-----	----	------

September 30,	P	Principal		nterest
2011	\$	24,858	\$	6,116
2012		25,107		5,867
2013		25,358		5,616
2014		25,612		5,362
2015		25,877		5,097
2016 - 2020		133,318		21,552
2021 - 2025		140,118		14,752
2026 - 2030		147,266		7,604
2031 - 2033		63,173		1,168
2001 2000	\$	610,687	\$	73,134

G. Contingencies

Performance audits related to grant agreements

In the event that the Authority fails to comply with the terms and conditions of the grant agreement (Note 9.B.), the EDA may suspend or terminate the grant agreement and require the Authority to deliver to them all funds, including all loan agreements, note security agreements, deeds to secure debt, and other property (including real and personal property) arising from the Authority's utilization or expense of the grant monies.

Operating leases

The Authority leases office space in Brunswick and Savannah under non-cancelable, operating agreements requiring future minimum payments as follows:

For the year ending		
September 30,		
2011	\$	49,253
2012	<u> </u>	1,252
	\$	50,505

For the year ended September 30, 2010, expenses recorded under operating leases totaled \$58,204.

Additionally, the Authority subleases a portion of this office space to a third party. Future minimum rental receipts due under this agreement are \$12,634 for the year ended September 30, 2011.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Origi	inal Budget	Fin	al Budget	Actual	P	eriance ositive egative)
Revenues	<u> </u>						-
Local government dues	\$	631,721	\$	631,721	\$ 631,721	\$	-
Other revenues							
Interest & Dividend income, net		5,000		5,000	16,244		11,244
Other income		90,800		93,090	 129,675		36,585
Total Revenues		727,521		729,811	 777,641		47,830
Expenditures							
Direct							
Current operating					_		
Personnel services		- - 150		61,450	123,174		(61,724)
Operating expenditures		75,150		61,450	 123,174		(61,724)
Total Direct Expenditures		75,150		01,430	 125,17		(03).23/
Total Expenditures		75,150		61,450	 123,174		(61,724)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		652,371		668,361	 654,466		(13,895)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					22.075		22.075
Operating transfers in		•		(505.0(1)	32,075		32,075 95,353_
Operating transfers out		(510,705)		(537,361)	 (442,008)		73,333
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(510,705)		(537,361)	 (409,933)		127,428
Net change in fund balance		141,666		131,000	244,533		113,533
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		948,687		948,687	 948,687		•
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	1,090,353	\$_	1,079,687	\$ 1,193,220	\$	113,533

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Special Revenue Fund Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues	•			Dudget	 Actual		(Negative)
Grant and contracts							
Federal	\$	11,101,646	\$	11,677,177	\$ 11,160,745	\$	(516,432)
State		2,279,783		2,806,516	2,496,858	·	(309,658)
Other revenues							(002,000)
Contributions/Local		270,534		214,401	220,402		6,001
In-kind revenues		336,136		218,751	220,247		1,496
Other income		272,998	_	416,506	415,585		(921)
Total Revenues		14,261,097		15,333,351	 14,513,837	_	(819,514)
Expenditures							
Direct							
Current operating							
Personnel services		1,885,729		1,686,892	1,673,573		13,319
Operating expenditures		11,940,515		11,490,544	10,555,449		935,095
Capital outlay		-		1,905,358	1,713,074		192,284
Total Direct Expenditures		13,826,244		15,082,794	13,942,096		1,140,698
Indirect cost							
Cost allocation plan		945,558		787,918	 797,736		(9,818)
Total Expenditures		14,771,802		15,870,712	 14,739,832		1,130,880
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(510,705)		(537,361)	 (225,995)		311,366
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Operating transfers in:							
Local government dues		510,705		537,361	442,008		95,353
Operating Transfers (out)				•	(32,075)		32,075
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		510,705		537,361	 409,933		127,428
Net change in fund balance		_		-	183,938		183,938
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		46,142		46,142	 46,191		49
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	46,142	\$	46,142	\$ 230,129	\$	183,987

See accompanying notes to required supplementary information.

Schedule of Funding Progress Defined Benefit Plan Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability(AAL) (b)	Unfunded/ (Surplus) AAL (UAAL) (b) - (a)	Funded Ratio (a) / (b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll * [(b) - (a)] / (c)
1/1/2007	\$ 882,378	\$ 910,716	\$ 28,338	96.89%	\$ 1,090,608	2.60%
-	1,034,462	1,100,805	66,343	93.97%	1,038,788	6.39%
1/1/2008	• •	1,183,373	73,388	93.80%	1,188,955	6.17%
1/1/2009	1,109,985	1,283,471	108,941	91.51%	1,425,429	7.64%
1/1/2010 1/1/2011	1,174,530 1,246,396	1,417,077	170,681	87.96%	1,583,267	10.78%

^{*} Not less than zero

Note: In April 2006, the Board of Directors voted to close the defined employer contribution pension plan and transfer the assets of the plan to an agent multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS). As a result, the schedule of funding progress information reports only five years. The information will be presented as it becomes available in future years.

Notes to Required Supplemental Information Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Revenues, Expenditures, and Other Financing Sources (Uses) for Budgetary Funds on a Budgetary Basis and GAAP General Fund and Major Special Revenue Fund on a GAAP Basis:

GAAP Basis:

There were not any changes between the budgetary basis fund balance - end of year and GAAP fund balance - end of year in the General Fund and the Special Revenue Fund.

Note B - Budget and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principals for the general and special revenue fund. An annual operating budget is prepared and legally adopted for the general and special revenue fund. Legal provisions govern the budgetary process. The operating budget of each fund includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The budget is formally adopted on an agency-wide, functional expense level, which is the legal level of budgetary control. The budget so adopted may be revised during the year only by formal action of the Council in a regular meeting. The Council will make any changes necessary to adopt the budget. Budgeted amounts, as presented in the budgetary comparison schedules, are as originally adopted and as amended by the Council.



SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Direct Federal Grants	Adı	State ministrative Grants	_	Local ograms		Totals
Revenues		•	0 (75 401	¢		\$	11,160,745
Grants and Contracts-Federal	\$ 2,485,343	\$	8,675,401	\$	•	Þ	2,496,858
Grants and Contracts-State	-		2,496,858		102.400		635,987
Contributions/Local	•		533,579		102,409		
Sub-recipient Cash & In-Kind Revenues	-		220,247		102,409		220,247 14,513,837
Total Revenues	2,485,343		11,926,084		102,409		14,515,657
Expenditures							
Direct							
Personal services			067.284		85,875		1,154,832
Salaries & wages	101,573		967,384		38,566		518,741
Released time & fringe benefits	45,616		434,560		124,441		1,673,573
Total Personal Services	147,189		1,401,944		124,441		1,073,373
Operating Expenditures	7.050		90.011		11,191		108,160
Travel	7,959		89,011		73,310		8,941,857
Contracts	2,330,501		6,538,046		12,847		1,713,074
Capital Outlays	-		1,700,226		50,163		1,505,431
Other expenditures	11,081		1,444,187		147,511		12,268,522
Total Operating Expenditures	2,349,541		9,771,470				13,942,096
Total Direct	2,496,730		11,173,414		271,952		13,942,090
Indirect			((0.250		59,317		797,736
Indirect cost allocations	70,160		668,259		331,269	_	14,739,832
Total Expenditures	2,566,890		11,841,673		331,209		14,739,832
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(81,546)		84,411		(228,860)		(225,995)
Other Financing Sources & (Uses) Transfers in							
Local government dues	81,546		158,698		201,764		442,008
Operating Transfers (out)	•		(24,522)		(7,554)		(32,075)
Total Other Sources & (Uses)	81,546		134,176		194,211		409,933
Net change in fund balance	•		218,588		(34,650)		183,938
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	•		2,324		43,867		46,191
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$	220,912	\$	9,217	\$	230,129

Special Revenue Fund - Direct Federal Programs Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	ED	A Planning	A-Joint Land Jse Study		OEA-Base lemediation	GS-LIDAR Project	Total
Revenues						 	 1000
Grants and Contracts-Federal	\$	59,667	\$ 58,017	\$	2,346,517	\$ 21,142	\$ 2,485,343
Total Revenue		59,667	 58,017	_	2,346,517	 21,142	 2,485,343
Expenditures							
Direct							
Personal services							
Salaries & wages		57,279	19,182		15,232	9,880	101,573
Released time & fringe benefits		25,724	 8,615		6,840	4,437	45,616
Total Personal Services		83,003	27,796		22,072	 14,317	147,189
Operating Expenditures							
Travel		5,241	2,296		423		7,959
Contracts			17,000		2,313,501		2,330,501
Other expenditures		6,959	4,122		-,,	_	11,081
Total operating expenditures		12,199	23,418		2,313,924		2,349,541
Total Direct		95,202	51,214		2,335,996	14,317	2,496,730
Indirect							
Indirect cost allocations		39,565	13,250		10,521	6,825	70,160
Total Expenditures		134,767	64,464		2,346,517	21,142	 2,566,890
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues over Expenditures		(75,100)	(6,447)				 (81,546)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in:							
Local government dues		75,100	6,447		_		01.546
Total Other Sources & (Uses)		75,100	6,447				 81,546 81,546
Net change in fund balance			-		•	-	•
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		•	 		•	 •	
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$	-	\$ -	\$	•	\$	\$

Special Revenue Fund - State Administered Programs Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Agency On Aging		Coordinated ransportation	mprehensive Plannning	Total	
Revenues						
Grants and Contracts-Federal	\$ 3,365,492	\$	4,959,670	\$ 350,239 \$	8,675,40	
Grants and Contracts-State	2,090,794		189,122	216,942	2,496,85	
Contributions/Local	10,656		500,409	22,513	533,579	
Sub-recipient Cash & In-Kind Revenues	177,654		40,807	 1,785	220,24	
Total Revenues	5,644,597		5,690,008	 591,479	11,926,08	4_
Expenditures						
Direct						
Personal Services			166 700	182,675	967,38	ı.
Salaries & Wages	618,000		166,709	82,040	434,56	
Released time & fringe benefits	 277,643		74,877	 264,715	1,401,94	
Total Personal Services	 895,643		241,586	 204,713	1,401,54	-
Operating Expenditures			22.221	17,940	89,01	1
Travel	47,740		23,331	58,140	6,538,04	
Contracts	4,105,499		2,374,407	36,140	1,700,22	
Capital Outlays	107,295		1,592,931	22,332	1,700,22	
Other expenditures	 170,634		1,251,220	 98,412	9,771,47	
Total operating expenditures	 4,431,169		5,241,889	 78,412	7,111,41	
Total direct	5,326,811		5,483,475	363,127	11,173,41	4
Indirect	10 (000		116 156	126,181	668,25	59
Indirect cost allocations	 426,923		115,156	120,101	000,23	
Total Expenditures	5,753,734		5,598,631	 489,308	11,841,67	73
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (109,137))	91,377	 102,172	84,41	1
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in:				40.100	150 (0	20
Local government dues	109,088		428	49,182	158,69	
Operating Transfers (out)				 (24,522)	(24,52	_
Total other sources and (uses)	109,088		428	 24,661	134,17	<u>/6</u>
Net change in fund balance	(49)	91,805	126,832	218,58	88
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	49		-	2,275	2,32	24
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ •	\$	91,805	\$ 129,107	220,91	12

Special Revenue Fund - Local Programs Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Local Planning Services	Local GIS Services	Local Transportation Services	Local Grant Writing & Tech Assistance	EB-5	Total
Revenues						
Contributions	\$ 6,120	\$ 21,142	\$ 49,146	\$ 26,000	\$ -	\$ 102,409
Total Revenues	6,120	1,109	49,146	26,000		102,409
Expenditures						
Direct						
Personal Services						
Salaries & Wages	32,893	22,772	•	30,210	-	85,875
Released time & fringe benefits	14,772	10,227		13,567	-	38,566
Total Personal Services	47,665	32,998		43,777		124,441
Operating Expenditures						
Travel	12	6,485	_	4,694	_	11,191
Contracts	_	-	49,146	4,024	24,164	73,310
Capital Outlays	11,534	-	.,,,,,,	1,314	24,104	12,847
Other expenditures	8,684	32,880		2,157	6,442	50,163
Total Operating Expenditures	20,230	39,365	49,146	8,165	30,606	147,511
Total Direct	67,895	72,363	49,146	51,942	30,606	271,952
Indirect						
Indirect cost allocations	22,720	15,729	-	20,867		59,317
Total Expenditures	90,615	88,092	49,146	72,809	30,606	331,269
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(84,495)	(86,983)	•	(46,809)	(30,606)	(228,860)
Other Financing Sources(Uses) Transfers in:						
Local government dues	84,495	23,083		54,363	39,823	201.774
Operating Transfers (out)	•		_	(7,554)	•	201,764
Total Other Sources & (Uses)	84,495	23,083		46,809	39,823	(7,554) 194,211
Net change in fund balance	-	(43,867)	•	•	9,217	(34,650)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		43,867	•	•		43,867
Fund Balance - End of Year	<u> </u>	<u>s -</u>	<u> </u>	\$	\$ 9,217	\$ 9,217

COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION Special Revenue Fund - State Administered Programs Coordinated Transportation Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	DHR Transportation	GDOT Sec 5311 Rural Public Transit	GDOT Sec 5311 Rural Public Transit Capital	GDOT Sec 5316 JARC	GDOT Sec 5317 New Freedom	GDOT ARRA Capital		Total
Revenues Grants and Contracts-Federal Grants and Contracts-State	\$ 1,745,616	\$ 1,385,532	\$ 26,418	\$ 162,905 20,363	\$ 89,143	\$ 1,550,057	€9	4,959,670 189.122
Contributions/Local	40.807	465,601	3.302	20,363	11,142	•		40,807
Sub-recipient Cash & In-Killy Revenues Total Revenues	1,9	1,851,133	33,022	203,631	111,427	1,550,057		5,690,008
Expenditures Direct								
Personal Services	34 014	42.003	•	41,255	49,437	•		166,709
Salaries & wages Released time & fringe benefits	15,278	18,865	•	18,530	22,205			74.877
Total Personal Services	49,293	60,867		59,784	71,642			241.586
Operating Expenditures				737	4 330	•		23.331
Travel	7,276	11,291	• 1	96 748	ייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייייי	•		2,374,407
Contracts	1,403,309	16/,4/0	33.022	9,852	•	1,550,057		1,592,931
Capital Outlays	188.898	1.051.773		8,815	1,734			1,251,220
Total operating expenditures	1.599,543	1,937,854	33,022	115,349	6,064	1,550,057	ļ	5,241,889
Total direct	1,648,835	1,998,721	33,022	175,134	77,706	1.550.057		5,483.475
Indirect Indirect cost allocations	23.496	29,013	•	28,497	34,149			115,156
Total Expenditures	1,672,332	2,027,735	33,022	203,631	111,855	1,550,057		5,598,631
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	368 406	(176 601)	,	•	(428)			91,377
over experiments Other Financing Sources (Uses)			,					
Transfers in:				,	428	•		428
Local government dues	, 004 000	707 876				•		•
Operating transfers out	(268,406)				428			428
Net change in fund balance				' 	•	•		91,805
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	•					•		
Fund Balance - End of Year	•	\$ 91,805	\$	8	5	\$	<u>«</u>	91,805
			89					

COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION Special Revenue Fund - State Administered Programs Comprehensive Planning Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

						!					
,	Department of Community Affairs	DNR Historic Preservation Grant	DNR CIG	DNR CIG Toolbox	DNR-Coastal Stormwater	DNR-Comp	DNR Section	DNR Section	GDOT		
Revenues				4000	Supplement	rign Mining	Watershed	Watershed	Planning	LiDar	Total
Grants and Contracts-Federal	216 942	\$ 14.818	\$ 6,813	\$ 4,372	\$ 28,541	\$ 50	\$ 9,595	\$ 7,962	\$ 78,089	\$ 200,000	\$ 350,239
Contributions/Local	17,500				• •	• ,	•	•	• 6	•	216,942
Sub-recipient Cash & In-Kind Revenues Total Revenues				٠	1,785	•	. ,	• (2,500	2,513	22,513
	234,442	14,818	6,813	4.372	30,327	80	9.595	7,962	80 589	202 513	1.785
Expenditures										616/202	321.473
Personal Services											
Salaries & Wages	87,937	8,726	6,390	4,852	8.164	,,	4 120	2771			:
Teed Breeze une & Iringe benefits	39,493	3.919	2,870	2,179	3,666	1 5	1,139	1,007	32,574	26,205	182,675
Onerating Francisco	127,430	12,644	9,260	7,031	11,830	32	\$ 998	5 313	14,029	37,02	82,040
Traing Expenditures							2775	0100	502,14	5/2/2	264,715
Contracte	6,248	327	347	116	627	•	536	116	3 447	25.1.7	070
Other owner diverse	22,000	•	•	•	13,493	٠	247	1	22,400	0,1,0	17.940
Total committee and the	6,378	214			2,169	•	. '		24,400	- 23. 11	58,140
Total disease	34,626	541	347	116	16,288		783	116	20 252	17.33	22,332
Indirect	162,056	13,185	6,607	7,147	28,118	32	6,781	5,430	75.465	36, 106	363 127
Indirect cost alfocations	60,742	6.027	4 414	1 161	0079	•					121,000
Total Expenditures	222,798	19212	14 021	10.400	2,039		2.859	2,533	22,500	18,101	126,181
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			17001	10,429	33,/5/	47	9,640	7,962	97,965	73,406	489,308
over expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses)	11,644	(4,394)	(7,208)	(6,127)	(3,431)	2	(45)	•	(17,376)	129.107	102.172
Transfers in											
Local government dues	12,876	4,394	7,208	6.127	3.138		76		701.31		
Total other emisses and (mess)	(24,519)			٠	•	(2)	; ,	• •	10,294	•	49.182
Net change in find halance	(11,044)	4,394	7,208	6,127	3,138	(2)	45		15.394		24 661
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	• •	•	•	•	(293)	•			(1.982)	129,107	126,832
					293			١	1,982	,	2,275
Fund Balance - End of Year	S		s	65	69	9					
					The second secon		THE RESERVE TO SERVE THE PERSON NAMED IN	3	•	\$ 129,107	\$ 129,107

COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION Special Revenue Fund · State Administered Programs Area Agency on Aging-Administration Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Admir Admir	General	Information & Assistance	ADRC	Case	Georgia	Chronic Disease Self Management Program	Special Projects	Special Advocacy Projects	Medicare Diabetes Screening	HECM	REACH	TOTAL
Revenues	v	487 318	320 905	\$ 44 497	\$ 151.356	\$ 113.712	\$ 51,650		, S		٠ •	\$ 54,573	\$ 1,219,011
Grants and Compacts receiped	9	184 147		47		14.259			•	•	•	•	614.851
Contributions		986	,	1,064		556	•	1,958	3,846	2,160	20		10,620 57
Sub-recipient Cash & In-Kind Revenues Total Revenues		57 667,503	564,423	92.561	277.289	128,527	51,650	1,958	3.846	2,160	50	54,573	1,844,539
Expenditures													
Direct													
Salaries & Wages		218,610	252,712	32,569	39,498	37,875	14,053	•	•	•	•	22,683	618,000
Released time & fringe benefits		98,281	113,490	14	17,738	17.009	6,311					10,187	277,643
Total Personal Services		316,891	366,202	4	57,236	54,885	20,364					32,869	895,643
Operating Expenditures		27,500	0000	003 6	4 404	, , ,	2 340	•	3,659	•	•	2.722	47.740
Travel		240,12	13 474		201 312			•	•	•	•	•	305,392
Contracts		100,00	10,474	•		12 224		١	•	•	•	2,303	107,295
Capital Outlays		81,213	17 023	7.788	1 190	13 135	19.239	1.958	187	2,160	20	1,010	170,634
Total parenting expenditures		277 448	38.637	ן"	200				3,846	2,160		6,035	631,062
Total direct		594,340	404,839			Γ		1,958	3,846	2,160	20	38,905	1,526,704
Indirect			794 447	20 400	17.787	76.163	707 0	•	•	•	•	15,668	426,923
Indirect cost allocations Total Expenditures	İ	745.391	579,395					1,958	3,846	2,160	20	54,573	1,953,627
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(77,888)						·					(109,088)
Other Financing Sources and (Uses)						a: :::							
Transfers in:		77 888	14 973		16.228	8	•	•	•	•			109,088
Total other sources and (uses)		77,888	14,973		16.228								109.088
Net change in find halance		•		•	•							ЭĬ	•
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year													•
Fund Balance - End of Year	S		8	50	8	S	S	S	<u>~</u>	S	\$	\$	2

COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION Special Revenue Fund - State Administered Programs Area Agency on Aging-Sub Contractors Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Case Management	In Home Services	Adult Day Care	Legal Assitance	Long Term Care Ombudsman	Congregate Meals	Home Delivered Meals	TOTAL
Revenues								
Grants and Contracts-Federal Grants and Contracts-State	\$ 701,085	\$ 104,681 155,930	\$ 71,042	\$ 63,749	\$ 59,537	\$ 586,756	\$ 559,632	\$ 2,146,482
Contributions Sub-recipient Cash & In-Kind Revenues	20,324	36 12,816	8,624	7.501	980'2		141,004	1.4/5,945
lotal Revenues	1,299,327	273,463	480,161	92,124	185,211	710,249	759,523	3,800,058
Expenditures								
Operating Expenditures								
Contracts	1,299,327	273,512	480,161	92,124	185.211	710.249	759 573	2 800 107
1 0tal operating expenditures	1,299,327	273,512	480,161	92,124	185,211	710,249	759,523	3,800,107
Total direct	1,299,327	273,512	480,161	92,124	185,211	710,249	759,523	3,800,107
Total Expenditures	1,299,327	273,512	480,161	92,124	185,211	710,249	759,523	3,800,107
Net change in fund balance	30	(49)	1	•	•	•	•	(49)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		49	'	·	٠	a	c .	49
Fund Balance - End of Year	69	•	49	en	65	s	· ·	· ·

Schedule to Compute Employee Benefit Cost Pool Rate Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Budget	2	<u>Actual</u>
Released Time:		#C 016	\$	83,468
Annual leave taken and accrued	\$	76,815	Þ	797
Emergency leave		967		80,064
Holiday pay		81,204 622		2,021
Jury Duty or Military leave		53,792		49,555
Sick pay		33,792		49,555
Total Released Time		213,400		215,903
Fringe Benefits Paid:				
Pension		142,107		146,533
Employer's FICA and Medicare		127,435		129,659
Unemployment Insurance		18,104		18,150
Health Insurance		157,102		153,750
Dental Insurance		9,191		8,571
Long-term disability		11,242		10,214
Worker's Compensation		6,271		5,385
Total Fringe Benefits Paid		471,452		472,262
Allocable Employee Benefits	\$	684,852	\$	688,166
COMPUTATION OF ACTUAL EMPLOYI	ee beni	EFIT RATE		
Gross Salaries	\$	1,753,553	\$	1,748,023
Less: Released Time		(213,400)		(215,903)
AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER		-		
Allocation base - chargeable salaries	\$	1,540,153	_\$	1,532,120
Employee Benefit Rate		44.47%		44.92%

Schedule to Compute Indirect Cost Rate Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	<u>Budget</u>	Actual
Compensation	\$ 372,482	\$ 377,288
Fringe benefits	165,629	169,425
Automatic data processing	4,600	6,950
Building operations	50,500	51,612
Audit and accounting service	26,450	30,200
Materials and supplies	9,300	11,206
Communications	28,500	29,809
Memberships, subscriptions and	,	
professional activities	28,000	26,996
Personnel administration	125	158
Equipment lease and purchase	29,350	26,385
Postage and freight	2,500	2,169
Travel	20,500	19,338
Maintenance and repair	10,000	11,371
Printing and reproduction	3,700	3,645
Depreciation on Building Improvments & Phone System	28,982	28,982
Miscellaneous	7,300	2,203
Total	\$ 787,918	\$ 797,736
Indirect Cost Rate Calculation:		
Total Chargeable Salaries	\$ 1,540,153	\$ 1.532.120
plus Fringe Benefits	684,850	\$ 1,532,120 _ 688,166
	2,225,003	2,220,286
Less: Salaries + Fringe	2,223,003	2,220,200
Charged to I.C. Pool	(538,111)	(546,712)
Chargeable Salaries Plus F.B.	\$ 1,686,892	\$ 1,673,573
Internal Cost Pool A	\$ 787,918	\$ 797,736
Chargeable Salaries + Fringe B	\$ 1,686,892	\$ 1,673,573
INDIRECT COST RATE A/B =	46.71%	47.67%

chedule of State Contractual Assistance Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

1003340 T003383	Department of Transportation, Sec 5311-Operating Assistance
42700-362-00	Facilities & Support, DHS 5316 Coordinated Transportation
42700-362-00	Facilities & Support, DHS 5310 Coordinated Transportation
42700-362-00	Facilities & Support, DBHDD Coordinated Transportation
42700-362-00	Facilities & Support. TANF Coordinated Transportation
42700-362-00	Facilities & Support, SSBG Coordinated Transportation
42700-362-00	Facilities & Support, CBS, Coordinated Transportation
42700-362-00	Facilities & Support, Title III B Coordinated Transportation
	Aging. REACH
427-93-ARR	Aging, ARRA CDSMP
42700-373-00	Aging, Nutrition Services Incentive Program (USDA)
42700-373-00	Aging, Alzheimer's Demo Grant
42700-373-00	Aging, Alzheimer's
42700-373-00	Aging, LTCO State
42700-373-00	Aging, Title IIV-2 Long Term Care Ombudsman
42700-373-00	Aging Income Tax Checkoff
42700-373-00	Georgia Cares - CMS SHIP
42700-373-00(Georgia Cares, AoA
42700-373-00(A ging Community Care Services Program
42700-373-00(Aging MIPPA
42700-373-000	Aging, Aging & Disabilities Resource Center
42700-373-000	Aging, Social Service Block Grant
42700-373-000	Aging, Community Based Services
42700-373-000	Aging, Title III, Part E Family Caregiver
42700-373-000	Aging, Title III. Part A/E Administration
42700-373-000	Aging, Title III, Part D Health
42700-373-000	Aging, Title III, Part C2 Nutrition Services
42700-373-000	Aging, Title III, Part C1 Nutrition Services
42700-373-000	Aging, Title III, Part B
42700-373-000	Aging, Title III. Part A Administration
NUMB	
CONTRA	
Fiscal Year	
Schedule of State	S

	SETTLEMENTS RECEIVABLE	33,086	138.829	63,639	73,170	9,684	19.791	49,407	183,869	111,705	3,513	1,438	408.819	32,895	20,079	996'9	6,312	13,583	40,000	13,506	18.041	2,072	51.986		•	•	•	•	107,206	•	239,003	86
	TOTAL SEXPENDITURES	122.838 \$	461.343	498,578	424,338	34,148	54,527	224,068	788.428	310,317	47,000	94.866	1,755.752	11.756	73,957	996'9	26.534	81.307	171,601	22,533	136,209	51.650	54.573	258,391	57.722	163,191	952.107	82.236	286,282	100,000	1,385,532	29.720
	STATE ASSISTANCE	5	25,630	27,697	23,574	1,897	•	37.345	788,428	•	47,000	•	877.876	•	•	996'9	1.474	81.307	171,601	•	•	•	•	14,356	57,722	•	•	82.236	•	•	•	3.302
FEDERAL DOLLARS PASS	THROUGH TO	\$ 122,838		470,881	400,764	32,251	54,527	186,723	•	310,317	0.87	94.866	877.876	11,756	73,957		25,060	•	,	22,533	136,209	51,650	54,573	244,035	0.00	163,191	952,107	•	286,282	100,000	1,385,532	26,418
	CONTRACT	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-0000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-000004813	42700-373-0000004813	427-93-ARRA09009-99		42700-362-000006476	42700-362-000006476	42700-362-000006476	42700-362-000006476	42700-362-000006476	42700-362-000006476	42700-362-000006476	T003540	T003383

Schedule of State Contractual Assistance Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 (CONTINUED)

Department of Transportation Sec 5214, 14 D.	NUMBER
removes a simple ration, see 33 10-3ARC	MTG00-0151-00-006
Department of Transportation, Sec 5316-JARC	T003414
Department of Transportation, Sec 5316-New Freedom	MTG00-0150-00-001
Department of Transportation, Sec 5316-New Freedom	T002926
Department of Transportation, ARRA Capital	T002869
Department of Community Affairs, Planning Services Base	11-031
Department of Natural Resources, Historic Preservation Services	DNR2011120
Department of Natural Resources, Watershed 1	751 100002
Department of Natural Resources, Watershed 2	731=100092 6040EV11
Department of Natural Resources. CSS	761 1000cc
Department of Natural Resources, CIG Blueway	731-100055
Department of Natural Resources, CIG Toolbox	DINK 304001
Department of Natural Resources. EPD Comp Mining	DNK364002 EDD3646
Department of Natural Resources, LiDAR	XII-CGED2672
Department of Transportation, Highway Planning and Construction	STP-0009-00(325)

7,380 10,394

SETTLEMENTS RECEIVABLE

EXPENDITURES

ASSISTANCE STATE

> 153,666 9,239

53,420 35,722

DOLLARS PASS

FEDERAL

THROUGH TO

CONTRACT

STATE

TOTAL

38,884

40,188

10.394 60.097

1.155 6.677 4,465 86,021

216,942

216,942

14.818 9,595 7,962

1,550,057

,550,057

14.818 9.595 7.962 6,813 4.372

6.813

4.372

28,541

28,541

3,077 4,104

•	27,932	1,923,923
	_	69
200,000	78,089	11,172,258
		65
•	•	2,496,857
		₩.
200,000	78,089	8.675,401
		S

TOTAL CONTRACTUAL ASSISTANCE

Breakdown of Local Regional Appropriations Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

County/City	Population	Regional Appropriations @ \$1.00 Per Capita	Accounts Receivable
Bryan County			
Pembroke	3,101	\$ 3,101	\$ -
Richmond Hill	9,839	9,839	2,460
Unincorporated	17,580	17,580	4,395
Bulloch County		26.524	_
Statesboro	26,534	26,534	_
Brooklet	1,301	1,301 698	-
Portal	698	192	_
Register	192		-
Unincorporated	36,720	36,720	-
Camden County	13,765	13,765	-
Kingsland	16,404	16,404	
St. Mary's	1,438	1,438	•
Woodbine	19,951	19,951	•
Unincorporated	19,951	13425.	
Chatham County	140,598	140,598	•
Savannah	12,069	12,069	
Garden City	3,502	3,502	-
Port Wentworth	10,410	10,410	•
Pooler	3,626	3,626	•
Tybee Island	2,849	2,849	•
Bloomingdale	2,502	2,502	
Thunderbolt	72,528	72,528	-
Unincorporated	/2,326	, 2,525	
Glynn County	17,335	17,335	•
Brunswick	57,749	57,749	14,437
Unincorporated	31,145	,	
Liberty County	34,648	34,648	-
Hinesville	4,594	4,594	-
Walthourville	898	898	•
Allenhurst	1,254	1,254	•
Midway	421	421	-
Flemington	273	273	•
Gumbranch	839	839	-
Riceboro	27,310	27,310	•
Unincorporated	27,310		

Breakdown of Local Regional Appropriations, cont. Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 (CONTINUED)

County/City	Population	Regional Appropriations @ \$1.00 Per Capita	Accounts Receivable
Long County			
Ludowici	1,841	1,841	
Unincorporated	11,332	11,332	-
Mcintosh County			
Darien	2,011	2,011	-
Unincorporated	10,678	10,678	
Effingham County			
Rincon	6,856	6,856	
Springfield	2,282	2,282	
Guyton	1,707	1,707	-
Unincorporated	36,187	36,187	* 3
Screven County			
Oliver	295	295	<u> </u>
Newington	375	375	
Sylvania	3,114	3,114	_
Hiltonia	490	490	:
Rocky Ford	217	217	_
Unincorporated	13,408	13,408	-
Totals	631,721	\$ 631,721	\$ 21,292

Schedule of Salaries and Wages Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Name	Title	Salaries and Wages
Allem, Brian	Transportation Contracts Administrator	\$ 15,962
Buckingham, Sallie	Aging Services Resource Specialist	36,743
Burns, Allen	Executive Director	146,317
Butler, Brenda	Gateway Specialist	33,813
Carter, Amanda	Georgia Cares Coordinator	15,769
Chalmers, Chris	GIS/IT Director	49,076
Couch, Monica	Aging Services Coordinator	23,414
Dantzler, David	GIS Analyst	45,070
Dunham, John	Aging Fiscal Analyst	38,941
Edwards, LaQuana	Aging Services Care Manager	39,276
Emmer, Jacob	Environmental Planner	46,107
·	Finance Director	76,883
Geiger, Lena	Grant Specialist	3,231
Green, Lawrence	Gateway Services Program Manager	44,544
Green, Marvara	Publications Secretary	35,273
Green, Rachel	Administrative Service Director	57,223
Harper, Colletta	Gateway Specialist	3,212
Harris, Rebecca	Fiscal Assistant	40,771
Highsmith, Linda	Gateway Specialist	25,729
Howard, Katrina	IT Technician	7,395
Howard, Simon		70,410
Hurst, Barbara	Coordinated Transportation Director	72,773
Jackson-Ledford, Jill	Aging Services Director	15,180
Jarvis, Kerry	Volunteer Services Manager	45,925
Jenkins, Loreatha	Nutrition Specialist	36,260
Kersey, Angela	Transportation Assistant	23,022
Kotarski, Jason	Historic Preservation Planner	55,408
Lovette, Dionne	Senior Accountant/Human Resource Specialist	36,086
Luukkonen, Peggy	Case Manager	67,074
Masisak, Don	Economic Development Director	40,091
Massey, Audrey	Gateway Specialist	72,171
McClenning, Lupita	Planning & Governmet Srvs Director	5,907
Meshanko, Jennifer	Special Projects Coordinator	28,548
Moore, Anita	Intake Specialist	32,032
Reynolds, Tricia	Planning & Governmet Srvs Director	44,554
Rogers, Pamela	Quality Assurance Specialist	38,743
Sadowski, Ron	Transportation Planner	40,565
Sansing, J. Paul	Mobility Manager	
Sellers, Wynette	Georgia Cares Assistant	14,987
Sharpe, Brian	Facilities Maintenance Coordinator	19,615
Sims, Nicole	Transportation Fiscal Analyst	27,806
Sullivan, Kevin	Land Use Planner	13,827
Turner, Brittany	Gateway Specialist	3,447
Vasquez, Debra	Georgia Cares Coordinator	11,930
Vinson, Cleo	Facilities Maintenance Coordinator	192
Waid, Beverly	Gateway Specialist	22,106
Westberry, Mark	Information Technology Office	34,968
Williams, Tamela	Gateway Specialist	12,062
Windsor, Victoria	Case Manager	32,454
Yednock, Sarah	Grant Specialist	35,523
		\$ 1,738,414

Reconciliation of Employees' Salaries Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

		Revenue Fund	Service	Total All Funds
Regular Salary Costs Compensated Absences		\$ 1,145,223 162,746	\$ 377,288 53,158	\$ 1,522,510 215,903
Total Salary Costs From Schedule of Employees' Salaries		1,307,968	430,445	1,738,414
Compensated Absences Payable July 1	48,103			
Compensated Absences Payable June 30	57,713			
Net Increase (decrease) in Compensated Absences Payable		9,609		9,609
Fringe Benefits Allocated (excluding compensated absences)		355,920	116,342	472,262
Total Personal Services Costs		\$ 1,673,498	\$ 546,712	\$ 2,220,286

Schedule of Travel Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Name	Title		Amount
Allem, Brian	Contract Administrator-Transportation	\$	2,084
Buckingham, Sallie	Aging Services Resource Specialist		80
Burns, Allen	Executive Director		15,504
Carter, Amanda	Georgia Cares Coordinator		2,420
Chalmers, Chris	GIS/IT Director		10,092
Couch, Monica	Aging Services Coordinator		2,729
Dantzler, David	GIS Analyst		2,747
Dunham, John A	Aging Services Fiscal Analyst		270
Edwards, LaQuana	Aging Services Care Manager		4,759
Emmer, Jacob	Environmental Planner		4,285
Geiger, Lena	Finance Director		583
Green, Lawrence	Grant Specialist		83
Green, Marvara	Gateway Services Program Manager		5,015
Green, Rachel	Publications Secretary		64
Highsmith, Linda	Fiscal Assistant		2
Howard, Katrina	I & A Specialist		220
Howard, Simon	IT Technician		246
Hurst, Barbara	Transportation Services Director		7,652
Jackson-Ledford, Jill	Aging Services Director		5,047
Jarvin, Kerry	Volunteer Services Manager		1,828
Jenkins, Loreatha	Nutrition Specialist		3,869
Kersey, Angela	Transportation Assistant		782
Kotarski, Jason	Historic Preservation Planner		791
Lovett, Dionne	Senior Accountant/Human Resource Specialist		248
Luukkonen, Peggy	Case Manager		2,828
Masisak, Donald	Economic Development Director		5,735
Massey, Audrey	I & A Specialist		410
McClenning, Lupita	Planning Director		5,174
Meshanko, Jennifer	Special Projects Coordinator		888
Moore, Anita	Intake Specialist		77
Reynolds, Tricia	Planning Director		2,381
Rogers, Pamela	Quality Assurance Specialist		8,089
Sadowski, Ron	Transportation Planner		3,745
Sansing, J. Paul	Mobility Manager		5,477
Sellers, Wynette	Georgia Care Program Assistant		510
	Facilities/Maintenance Coordinator		592
Sharpe, Brian	Transportation Fiscal Analyst		105
Sims, Nicole	Land Use Planner		1,526
Sullivan, Kevin	Georgia Cares Manager		1,370
Vasquez, Debra	Gateway Specialist		75
Waid, Beverly	Information Technology Office		10
Westberry, Mark	Gateway Specialist		904
Williams, Tamala	Case Manager		1,410
Windsor, Victoria	Grant Specialist		3,220
Yednock, Sarah	Ciall Specialist	\$	115,924
TOTAL		3	113,72

Schedule of Salaries and Wages Component Unit Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

Name	Title	Salaries and Wages
Standard, Andrew	Chief Executive Officer	\$ 143,979
Blackwell, Robin L.	Chief Financial Officer	87,748
Hicks, Teena	Loan Officer	108,545
Jeffers, Wendy	Loan Specialist	72,748
Todd, Jodi	Loan Specialist	41,500
Robinson, Kelly	Loan Processor	33,720
Total		\$ 488,241

COMPONENT UNIT - CADDA Schedule of Travel October 1, 2008 through September 30, 2010

Name	Title	
Standard, Andrew Blackwell, Robin L. Hicks, Teena Jeffers, Wendy Todd, Jodi Robinson, Kelly	Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Loan Officer Loan Specialist Loan Specialist Loan Processor	\$ 2,228 2,143 472 1,968 146 44
Total		\$ 7,002

Schedule of Vehicles Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

License Number	Model Year	Make Model	Body Style	Color	Manufacturers Identification	Ending Mileage
51348	2000	Toyota Sienna	Van	White	4T3ZF19C3YU293358	82,440
51566	2002	Honda Civic LX	4-Door	Green	1HGES16532L048085	151,456
GV28652	2006	Honda Civic LX	4-Door	Red	1HGFA16566L113900	107,940
51332	2006	Honda Civic LX	4-Door	Blue	1HGFA16536L112882	119,540
51331	2006	Honda Civic LX	4-Door	Gold	1HGFA16596L112515	104,131
GV28676	2007	Crown Victoria	4-Door	Silver	2FAHP71W37X104591	115,023
GV28877	2007	Honda Civic LX	4-Door	Black	1HGFA16597L111155	97,228
GV4471A	2011	KIA Sorento	4-Door	Lt Bronze	5XYKT4A24BGO65115	9,128
GV5499B	2011	KIA Sorento	4-Door	Silver	5XYKT4A27BG181828	2,602
GV3077B*	2011	Chevrolet Impala	4-Door	White	2G1WF5EKXB1259532	5,977
GV4832B*	2011	Chevrolet Impala	4-Door	White	2G1WF5EK4B1259249	2,106

^{*}Note: Two vehicles are titled in the name of Coastal Regional Commission, with GDOT as the lien holder. All other vehicles are titled in the name of Coastal Regional Commission.

Coastal Regional Coaches

Rural Public Transit-Schedule of Vehicles Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

GDOT Veh #	Vehicle Description	Vin#	Ending Mileage
	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S19DA84537	78,34
2914		1FDFE45S39DA84538	78,50
2915	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45SX9DA88537	63,74
2930	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S59DA84539	65,92
2916	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S19DA84540	65,96
2917	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S59DA84542	112,07
2919	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S99DA84544	56,44
2921	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S69DA84548	108,94
2925	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S89DA84549	60,77
2926	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S69DA88535	72,81
2928	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S19DA88538	53,91
2931	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S39DA84541	45,93
2918	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S39DA84543	73,39
2920	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S09DA84545	58,4
2922	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift		66,5
2923	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S29DA84546	61,1
2924	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S49DA84547	66,9
2927	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S49DA84550	97,3
2929	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S89DA88536	77,5
2932	2010 Goshen/Ford Coach w/ lift	1FDFE45S39DA88539	
2906	2009 Ford Braun Conversion w/ lift	1FTDS34S49DA09170	32,9
2907	2009 Ford Braun Conversion w/ lift	1FTDS34S39DA89559	74,5
2913	2010 Ford Elkhart Shuttle w/ lift	1FDEE3FS5ADA17349	75,9
2945	2010 Ford Elkhart Shuttle w/ lift	1FDEE3FS3ADA17348	48,8
2946	2010 Ford Elkhart Shuttle w/ lift	1FDEE3FS7ADA34945	53,0
3077	2010 Ford Cutaway GCII w/ lift	1FDFE4FSXADA69988	639
3078	2010 Ford Cutaway GCII w/ lift	1FDFE4FS2ADA76045	391
3070	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDEE3FS6BDA13344	30,49
3071	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDEE3FS1BDA14921	24,79
3072	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDEE3FS8ADB01603	15,94
3073	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDEE3FSXADB01604	18,87
3074	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDEE3FS1ADB01605	19,21
3075	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDEE3FS3ADB02335	26,12
3076	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDEE3FS5ADB02336	25,75
3079	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS4ADA97463	20,1
3080	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS6ADA97464	25,80
3080	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FSXADA97466	24.09
3082	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS1ADA97467	16,2
	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS0ADB00455	18,80
3083	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS2ADB00456	23,0
3084	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FSXADB00477	22,9
3085 3086	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS1ADB00478	48.9

*Note: All Public Transit vehicles are titled in the name of Coastal Regional Commission, with GDOT as the lein-holder.

Coastal Regional Coaches

Rural Public Transit-Schedule of Vehicles Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

GDOT Veh	Vehicle Description	Vin#	Ending Mileage
3087	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS2ADA97462	28,31
3088	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS8ADB00476	24,81
3089	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS6ADB00461	34,86
3090	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS2ADA84663	27,49
3091	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS4ADA84664	21,47
3092	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS5ADA90134	38,98
3093	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS7ADA90135	31,798
3094	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS0ADA90137	31,773
3095	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS1ADA90129	23,105
3096	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS8ADA97465	24,672
3097	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS9ADA90136	26,081
3098	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS7ADA86859	23,279
3099	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS4ADB00457	28,064
3100	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS3ADB00479	48,444
3101	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS8ADA79077	31,949
3102	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS8ADB00459	37,497
3103	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS2ADB01607	8,801
3104	2010 Ford GCII Shuttle	1FDFE4FS3ADA90133	19,362
3105	2010 Ford Conversion	1FDFE4FS4ADB01608	32,557
3106	2010 Ford Conversion	1FTDS3EL7ADA95330	75,424
3107	2010 Ford Conversion	1FTDS3EL9ADA95331	20,607
3108	2010 Ford Conversion	1FTDS3ELIADA95341	18,251
2519	2006 Ford Conversion	1FTSS34S46HA65380	129,857
2585	2006 Ford Conversion	1FTSS34596DA67486	109,388
2584	2006 Ford Versashutt	1FTSS34L66DA67258	103,214
2679	2008 Ford Elkhart	1FTD3E5S68DB32335	69,501
2680	2008 Ford Standard	1FBSS31L86DA09874	160,147
2830	2008 Ford Conversion	1FT2S34S48DA99569	68,617
2514	2006 Ford Econoline	1FTSS34596HA65374	183,273
2628	2006 Ford Econoline	1FTSS34556DB30891	145,862
2668	2007 Ford Econoline	1FBSS31188DA03802	115,854
2735	008 Ford Elkhart	1FD3E35S08DB26269	102,437
2845 2	008 Ford Van	1FTD534569DA09168	82.685
2866 2	009 Ford Econoline	1FTDS34SX9DA09173	44,780
2399 2	003 Ford E450	1FDXE45F23HB54151	84,779
2459 2	005 Ford E350	1FDWE35S35HA88117	161,772
	005 Ford E350	1FDWE35S35HA88120	184,176
	006 Ford E350	1FDWE35S96DB28306	165,557
	008 Chevrolet Uplander	1GBDV13W98D100471	
	006 Ford Van	1FTSS34S86HA65379	157,760

^{*}Note: All Public Transit vehicles are titled in the name of Coastal Regional Commission, with GDOT as the lein-holder.



Summary Statement of Services Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

SERVICE	ACTUAL UNITS SERVED	ACTUAL PERSONS SERVED
Adult Day Care-Ind Alzheimer's	17,272	44
Adult Day Care-Ind-CBS-Alzheimer's	900	9
Adult Day Care-Ind-CBS	72,609	110
Adult Day Care-Ind-CBS Respite	3,995	31
Adult Day Care-Ind-SSBG	2,888	24
Adult Day Care-Ind-IIIB	7,927	35
Mobile Adult Day Care-Ind-CBS	3,629	9
Case Management-IIIB	245	22
Case Management-IIIE	2,753	110
Congregate Meals-Ind-CBS	3,152	70
Congregate Meals-Ind-IIIC1	137,846	1,465
Congregate Meals-Ind-AoA NSIP (USDA)	7,508	173
Congregate Meals-Ind-SSBG	4,285	116
Home Delivered Meals-Ind-CBS	14,674	157
Home Delivered Meals-Ind-IIIC2	85,733	613
Home Delivered Meals-Ind-SSBG	12,915	222
Home Delivered Meals-Ind-AoA NSIP (USDA)	9,802	157
Homemaker-Ind-CBS	4,706	80
Homemaker-Ind-IIIB	2,639	46
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-CBS	1,191	413
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-CCSP	16,668	5,894
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-IIIB	2,381	842
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-IIIE	2,142	757
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-ADRC	665	244
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-SSBG	1,430	506
Personal Care - CBS	1,603	38
Personal Care - IIIB	1,437	26
Respite Care In-Home-Ind-Alzheimer's	578	7
Respite Care In-Home-Ind-CBS	181	3
Respite Care In-Home-Ind-SSBG	1,374	10
Transportation - CBS	8,492	291
Transportation - IIB	37,934	1,282
Transportation - SSGB	12,847	438

COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION Schedule of Proposed Financial Settlement Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

	Ac	counts Receival	ole	TOTAL
	Federal	State	Other	
	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	
	\$ 33,086	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,086
Aging, Title III, Part A Administration	131,116	7,713		138,829
Aging, Title III, Part B	84,430	9,209	-	93,639
Aging, Title III, Part C1 Nutrition Services	65,629	7,541	-	73,170
Aging, Title III, Part C2 Nutrition Services	9,146	538	_	9,684
Aging, Title III, Part D Health	19,791	330	_	19,791
Aging, Title III, Part A/E Administration	37,452	11,955	_	49,407
Aging, Title III, Part E Family Caregiver	37,432	183,869	_	183,869
Aging, Community Based Services	111 705	165,607	_	111,705
Aging, Social Service Block Grant	111,705	3,513	-	3,513
Aging, Aging & Disabilities Resource Center	1 420	3,313		1,438
Aging, MIPPA	1,438	204 400	-	408,819
Aging, Community Care Services Program	204,409	204,409	-	32,895
Georgia Cares, AoA	32,895	•	-	20,079
Georgia Cares - CMS SHIP	20,079	-	-	6,966
Aging, Income Tax Checkoff		6,966	-	6,312
Aging, Title IIV-2 Long Term Care Ombudsman	5,962	350	•	
Aging, LTCO State	-	13,583	-	13,583
Aging, Alzheimer's	-	40,000	-	40,000
Aging, Alzheimer's Demo Grant	13,506	-	-	13,506
Aging, Nutrition Services Incentive Program (USDA)	18,041	-	•	18,041
Aging, ARRA CDSMP	2,072	-	-	2,072
Aging, NCOA	2,200	-	-	2,200
Aging, Roslyn Carter Institute	-	•	51,986	51,986
Facilities & Support, DHS 5310 Coordinated Transportation	107,206	-	-	107,206
Department of Transportation, Sec 5311-Operating Assistance	239,003	-	-	239,003
Department of Transportation, Sec 5311-Capital Assistance	-	-	98	
Department of Transportation, Sec 5316-JARC	59,944	7,493	-	,
Department of Transportation, Sec 5316-JARC	9,239	1,155		
Department of Transportation, Sec 5316-New Freedom	6,560	820	9	7,380
Department of Transportation, Sec 5316-New Freedom	34,564	4,320	()	
	14,917	-	· -	14,917
EDA Planning Department of Community Affairs, Planning Services Base		86,021	-	86,021
Department of Natural Resources, Watershed 1	3,077	-	-	3,077
Department of Natural Resources, Watershed 2	4,104	-		4,104
Department of Natural Resources, Watershed 2 Department of Transportation, Highway Planning and Construction	27,932		-	27,932
	40,066	-		40,066
OEA-Joint Land Use Study	1,280,963	-		1,280,963
OEA-Base Remediation				

COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION Schedule of Proposed Financial Settlement Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011 (CONTINUED)

	Ac	counts Receiva	ble	TOTAL
	Federal	State	Other	
	(Note 1)	(Note 1)	(Note 2)	
Local Match from Counties for Rural Public Transit:				
Chatham County Commission	-	_	43,505	43,505
Local Contracts Coordinated Transportation:			45,505	45,505
Coastal Medical Access		_	54	54
Savannah Association for the Blind		_	17,940	17,940
Local Contracts Planning & Government Services:			17,540	17,540
Screven County Commission	•	_	1,109	1,109
City of Sylvania		_	2,500	2,500
Membership Dues:			2,500	2,300
Bryan County Commission	•	_	4,395	4,395
Glynn County Commission		_	14,437	14,437
City of Richmond Hill	•	_	2,460	2,460
Miscellanous Receivables	•		3,770	3,770
			3,770	3,770
	\$ 2,620,531	\$ 589,454	\$ 142,254	\$ 3,352,239

Note 1 Represents grant funds receivable

Note 2 Represents funds receivable from local cities, counties, and other organizations.





CLIFTON, LIPFORD, HARDISON & PARKER, LLC

J. Russell Lipford. Jr., CPA Mark O. Hardison, CPA Terry I. Parker, CPA Christopher S. Edwards, CPA Lynn S. Hudson, CPA Kevin E. Lipford, CPA

Member of American Institute of Certifled Public Accountants Truman W. Clifton (1902-1989)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF NON-PUBLIC FUNDS

To the Council Coastal Regional Commission Brunswick, Georgia

Our report on the audit of the basic financial statements of Coastal Regional Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, appears in this report. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying schedule of non-public funds of the Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc., a discretely presented component unit of the Coastal Regional Commission, presented on page 90, was audited by other auditors whose report dated December 8, 2010, expressed an unqualified opinion. This schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of Coastal Regional Commission.

Eletton Lighers, Hardwin & Forher, La C.

Macon, Georgia November 1, 2011

1503 Bass Road

Schedule of Non-Public Funds of the Component Unit October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010

	Total Primary Government	Unit Coastal Area District Development Authority	Totals Reporting Entity
Revenues	\$	\$ 436,591	\$ 436,591
Total Revenues		436,591	436,591
Nonqualifying expenses	•	455,029	455,029
Total Expenses		455,029	455,029
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
over Expenditures	-	(18,438)	(18,438)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		774,283	774,283
Fund Balance - End of Year	\$ -	\$ 755,845	\$ 755,845

Note: Primary Government has no non-public funds. This statement is the Schedule of Non-Public Funds presented in the component unit's September 30, 2010 audit report.

Notes to the Schedule of Non-Public Funds of the Component Unit Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

Note 1 - Schedule of Non-public Funds

The Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc. expended Non-public funds for business meals and incidental expenses of bona fide industrial prospects or other persons who attended any meeting at their request to discuss the location or development of new business, industry, or tourism. The total amount expended for the year ended September 31, 2010 was \$3,504.

According to the Official Code of Georgia Annotated, Section 50-8-35(f)(z), a schedule is required to be included within the annual audit of each Non-profit corporation which reports the beginning balance of unexpended Non-public funds; the date, amount, and source of all receipts of non-public funds; the date, place, purpose, and persons for whom expenditures were made for all such expenditures of non-public funds; and the ending balance of unexpended non-public funds.

Note 2 - Basis of Acccounting

The Schedule of Non-public Funds is prepared in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred.

STATISTICAL SECTION

(UNAUDITED)



Statistical Section (unaudited)

This part of the Coastal Regional Commission's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplemental information says about the Commission's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Commission's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	92 - 96
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Commission's most significant local revenue source, grants and contracts.	97 - 99
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the Commission's financial activities take place.	100 - 102
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Commission's financial report relates to the services the Commission provides and the activities it performs	103

Net assets by Component Last Eight Fiscal Years

	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Governmental Activities								
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted Total Governmental Activities Net Assets	\$ 507,254 924,267 \$ 1,431,521	\$ 428,731 930,093 \$ 1,358,824	\$ 429,907 968,250 \$ 1,398,157	\$ 667,608 610,979 \$ 1,278,587	\$ 642,679 631,622 \$ 1,274,301	\$ 584,966 776,650 \$ 1,361,616	\$ 1,548,706 946,774 \$ 2,495,480	\$ 2,838,700 1,365,636 \$ 4,204,336
Primary Government								
Invested in Capital Assets Unrestricted Total Primary Government Net Assets	\$ 507,254 924,267 \$ 1,431,521	\$ 428,731 930,093 \$ 1,358,824	\$ 429,907 968,250 \$ 1,398,157	\$ 667,608 610,979 \$ 1,278,587	\$ 642,679 631,622 \$ 1,274,301	E #	\$ 584,966 \$ 1,548,706 776,650 946,774 \$ 1,361,616 \$ 2,495,480	\$ 2,838,700 1,365,636 \$ 4,204,336

Note: The Coastal Regional Commission implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Information prior ot the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Change in Net Assets Last Eight Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	1100
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$ 151 702	***		,				
Direct federal programs	171,	301,814	\$ 161,499	\$ 343,855	\$ 128,621	\$ 129,543	\$ 284,425	\$ 767.425
State administered morning	412,964	304,004	201,992	286,590	47.764	311,327	880,312	2 566 890
Local programs	8.042,649	6,056,071	6.555.690	6,851,735	8,377,594	8.137.739	9 330 386	10 141 447
Total consummental catinities		196.898	308.882	464,008	588.555	285,230	241 087	210 422
com governmental activities expenses	8,851,140	6,757,787	7,228,063	7,946,188	9.142.534	8.863.839	10 737 110	12 704 192
Program Revenues						Salant.	22,121,121	13,174,103
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services								
Operating Grants and contributions	8 369 061	- 00/ 301 /		•	•	•	16,180	102,409
Capital Grants and contributions	100,000,0	0,103,062	6,738,295	7,241,196	8,552,680	8,037,486	9,923,113	12,828,349
Total governmental activities program revenues	8.368.061	6 185 687	300 300 3	701 100			1,171,828	1.794,640
		700,000,0	0,130,233	7,241,190	8,552,680	8,037.486	11,111,121	14.725.398
iver (Expense)/Revenue					9			
Governmental activities:	(483,079)	(572, 105)	(892 097)	(204 002)	440 0037			
lotal primary government net expense	(483.079)	(\$72,105)	(460,760)	(704,992)	(369,634)	(826,333)	374,011	931,214
		(21,212)	(402, /00)	(704,992)	(389,834)	(826,353)	374,011	931,214
Ceneral Revenue and Other Changes in Net Assets	ssets							
Governmental activities:								
Local government dues	422.799	436 636	126 628	77.000		1		
Investment income, net	1 285	12,600	430,033	434,028	495,217	777,217	631,721	631,721
Contributions		12,000	4.473	20,498	(4.427)	(5.771)	22,971	16,244
Miscellaneous		• (•	4,442	23,770	51,880	•	•
Total povernmental activities general	47,033	50,172	68,053	126,443	71,009	90,342	105,161	129.675
e commente de la	4/1./19	499,408	509,111	585,411	585,569	913.668	759.853	777 641
Change in Net Assets								
Governmental activities:	(11.360)	(72,697)	39.343	(119,581)	(4 285)	87.215	1 123 064	110000
lotal primary government	\$ (11,360)	\$ (72,697)	\$ 39,343	\$ (119,581)	\$ (4.285)	\$ 87.315	1,133,604	1./06,633
				11	ı		1,113,004	4 1,700,033

Note: The Coastal Regional Commission implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Information prior ot the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

General Fund Reserved	69	2002 189,401	69	190,614	6	106,604	69	77,832	69	102,071 910,288
Unreserved Total general fund	60	857,121	es.	895,730	69	967,685	€9	970,583	٠,	1,012,359
		2007		2008	1	2009	1	2010		2011 *
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	49	110,296 555,031	69	117,794 547,193	€9	143,097 674,364	89	121,559	€9	
Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned		* * *								89,898 304,863 1,028,588
Total general fund	S	665,327	\$	664,987	69	817,461	69	994,878	69	1,423,349

^{*} Prior year amounts have not been restated for the implementation of Statement 54.

Changes In Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

101	631,721 13,877,849 102,409 16,244	545,260 15,291,477	123,174 1,673,573 10,555,449 797,736	1,713,074	428.471	474,084	428,471	0.00%
2010	631,721 \$ 9,863,993 - 22,971 1,247,128	105,161		1,196,482		539,099 (539,099)	177,416 \$	0.00%
2009	777,217 \$ 7,883,089 154,397 (5,771) 51,880	90,342	64,383 1,504,392 6,456,647 757,172	16,084 8,798,679	152,475	675,954 (675,954)	152,475 \$	0.00%
2008		9,138,249	124,676 1,497,376 6.599.048 874,180	43,310 9,138,590	(341)	448,952 (448,952)	(341) \$	%00.0
2007	\$ 434,028 6.963.022 278,174 20,498 4,442	7,826,607	532,871 1,294,426 5,549,385 758,522	38,435 8,173,639	(347.032)	356,694	\$ (347.032) \$	%00 ⁻ 0
2006	\$ 436,635 6,621,096 137,199 4,423	7,267,406	92,578 1,124,652 5,254,251 687,661	7,225,630	41.776	308,269	\$ 41,776	0.00%
2005	\$ 436,636 6,171,900 13,782 12,600	6,685,090	125,219 1,026,002 4,896,462 634,509	6,682,192	2,898	371,291	\$ 2,898	0.00%
2004	\$ 422,799 8.271,501 96,357 1,285 203	8,839,780	64,976 1,003,736 7,028,527 516,337 154,249	8,767,825	71,955	334,915 (334,915)	\$ 71,955	%00°0
2003	\$ 422,798 5.846,816 334,204 24,313	6,660,292	72,850 988,635 4,902,684 577,689 79,825	6,621,683	38,609	298,898	38,609	0.00% pital outlay.
2002	\$ 422,798 5,444,305 309,380 17,391	6,217,116	41,541 877,967 4,574,458 495,042 175,245	6,164,253	52.863	361,892 (375,915) (14,023)	\$ 38.840 \$	0.00% penditures less ca
Revenues	Local government dues Grants and contracts Charges for services Investment income, net Contributions Other Income	lotal revenue Expenditures Current:	General government Personnel services Operating expenditures Indirect cost allocation plan Capital outlay	iotal expenditures	Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Net change in fund balances	Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures 0.00% 0.00% 0.00% Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay.

8

COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION

Government-wide Expenses by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years

Function	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
	e 151 702	200 814	161 490	\$ 343,855	\$ 128.621	\$ 129,543	\$ 284,425	\$ 767,425
General Governemnt	267,101	110,002 &	(16.16.7)	6 107 789	S 770 717	5 315 124	5.457.073	5.646.439
A oing Proprams	4,486,499	4,812,5/6	2,154,525	3,177,700	211/1/1/6			000000
The state of the s	1 013 027	926 540	1.146.006	1.291.036	2,228,441	2,013,468	1,911,823	1,6/2,332
Human Services Transportation	170,010,1				•	23,540	1,118,400	2,178,884
Rural Public Iransportation	•	9	i t	•	•	1.488	109,846	203,631
Job Access & Reverse Commute	1 (76 470	47 764	101 387	99.818	165,373
Economic Development	410,985	143,203	27,119	70,427	10161	100000		976 369
	2 747 592	482 338	628.152	811,907	903,889	1,000,954	938,769	632,338
Comprehensive Flamming	1,7,1,1,4		4 540	12,495	21.220	32,121	6,235	
Total Maximum Daily Load (1MDL)	11.044	102.07	177 12	35 487	32.887	36.274	30.227	19,212
Historic Preservation	41,244	40,731	17,40		•	59.362	652,878	94,548
LiDAR	•	141 484	41 455	177,193	•	150,578	127,616	2,410,981
OEA/Joint Land Use Study		000,101	202.					
Total	\$ 8,851,140	\$ 6,757,787	\$ 7,228,065	\$ 7,946,190	\$ 9,142,534	\$ 8,863,839	\$10,737,110	\$13,794,183

Note: The Coastal Regional Commission implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Information prior ot the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Government-wide Revenues Last Eight Fiscal Years

PROGRAM REVENUES

GENERAL REVENUES

Total	8,839,780 6,685,090 7,267,406 7,826,607 9,138,249 8,951,154 11,870,974 15,503,038
	69
Miscellaneous	\$ 47,635 50,172 68,053 126,443 71,009 90,342 105,161 129,675
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	\$ 1,285 12,600 4,423 20,498 (4,427) (5,771) 22,971 16,244
Local Government Dues	\$ 422,799 436,636 436,635 434,028 495,217 777,217 631,721
Capital Grants and Contributions	\$ - 4,442 23,770 51,880 1,171,828 1,794,640
Operating Grants and Contributions	\$ 8,271,704 6,171,900 6,621,096 6,963,022 8,234,625 7,883,089 9,923,113 12,828,349
Charges for Services	3 96,357 13,782 137,199 278,174 318,055 154,397 16,180
Fiscal Vear	2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010

Note: The Coastal Regional Commission implemented GASB 34 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2004. Information prior ot the implementation of GASB 34 is not available.

Schedule of Local Government Membership Dues Last Ten Fiscal Years

County/City	2002	92	7	2003	7	2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009	20	2010	2011	11
	8	2,141 6,263 12,671	↔	2,141 6,263 12,671	⇔	2,141 6,263 12,671	€9	2,141 6,263 12,671	↔	2,141 6,263 12,671	↔	2,141 6,263 12,671	€9	2,791 8,855 15,822	↔	4,582 14,539 25,977	∽	3,101 9,839 17,580	~	3,101 9,839 17,580
	4 4	20,428 1,002 537 148 28,270		20,428 1,002 537 148 28,270		20,428 1,002 537 148 28,270		20,428 1,002 537 148 28,270		20,428 1,002 537 148 28,270		20,428 1,002 537 148 28,270		23,881 1,171 628 173 33,048		23,881 1,171 628 173 33,048	4	26,534 1,301 698 192 36,720		26,534 1,301 698 192 36,720
		9,455 12,385 1,096 16,361		9,455 12,385 1,096 16,361		9,455 12,385 1,096 16,361		9,455 12,385 1,096 16,361		9,455 12,385 1,096 16,361		9,455 12,385 1,096 16,361		12,389 14,764 1,294 17,956		20,340 24,240 2,125 29,481		13,765 16,404 1,438 19,951		13,765 16,404 1,438 19,951
		52.604 10.160 2.948 5.615 3.053 2,399 2,106 64,079		52,604 10,160 2,948 5,615 3,053 2,399 2,106 64,079		52,604 10,160 2,948 5,615 3,053 2,399 2,106 64,079		52,604 10,160 2,948 5,615 3,053 2,399 2,106 64,079		52,604 10,160 2,948 5,615 3,053 2,399 2,106 64,079		52.604 10.160 2,948 5,615 3,053 2,399 2,106 64,079		56,239 10,862 3,152 9,369 3,263 2,564 2,252 65,275		137,459 17,834 5,175 15,382 5,358 4,210 3,697 107,172	-	12.069 3,502 10,410 3,626 2,849 2,502 72,528	-	40,598 12,069 3,502 10,410 3,626 2,849 2,502 72,528
		14,040 46,771	. -	14,040 46,771		14,040 46,771		14,040 46,771		14,040 46,771		14,040 46,771		15,602		25,615		17,335		17,335

Schedule of Local Government Membership Dues Last Ten Fiscal Years

County/City	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	ć		
Liberty County							0004	7007	2010	2011
Hinesville	27.353	27 252	č	1						
Walthourville	7637		7	27,353	27,353	27,353	31.183			
Allenhurst	120,0	170'5	m	3,627	3.627)	•	04,046	*1
A fi to	60/	709		709	7007		T			•
Midway	066	066	066	000	607	60/	808	1,327		868
Flemington	332	332		266	S :	066	1,129	1,853	1,254	1.254
Gumbranch	246	740	700	332	332	332	379	622		107
Riceboro	C99	077		246	246	246	246	403	נבי	125
Unincomparated	700	700		999	662	<i>C</i> 99	755	Cor C	617	5/7
Omittee Polated	21,530	21,530	21,530	21,530	21,530	21,530	24.579	1,240	839	839
Long County									010,12	27,310
Ludowici	1 206	1 200	•							
Unincorporated	1,270	1,296	1,296	1,296	1.296	1 296	1 657	1 667		
Common por account	8/6'/	7,978	7	7,978	7.978	7 978	100,1	1,00,1	1,841	1,841
Mcintosh County					•		10,122	10,139	11,332	11,332
Darrien	-	,								
I Inimonate 1	1,54/	1,547	_	1,547	1.547	1 5.47	-		1	
Omnicorporated	8,215	8,215	8,215	8.215	8 215	1,747	1,610	2,972	2,011	2,011
Effingham County					S	0,413	9,610	15,779	10,678	10,678
Rincon		,								
Marine G. 1.1	3,938	3,938		3.938	3 028	2 036		,		
Springheid	1,639	1,639		1 630	1,736	3,738	6,170	6,170	6,856	6,856
Guyton	825	825	200	70,1	1,039	1,639	2,054	2,054	2,282	2.282
Unincorporated	27.379	27 370		628	825	825	1,536	1,536	1,707	1 707
		(1)		27,379	27,379	27,379	32,568	32,568	36.187	36 187
Screven County								•		20100
Oliver	•	•								
Newington	•	l	•	•	228	185	216	216	295	200
Sylvania	1	•	•	•	290	235	274	274	375	275
Hiltonia	1	•	•	•	2,408	1,954	2.275	2,275	3 114	2.114
Rocky Ford	•	•	•	•	379	308	358	358	400	400
Unincomorated	•	•	•	•	167	136	158	158	217	064
		•		•	10,365	8,412	9,794	0 704	13 400	117 400
Totale								2015	12,400	13,408
	3 477,198	\$ 477,798	\$ 422,798	\$ 422,798	\$ 436,635	\$ 434,028	\$ 495,217	\$ 777,217	\$ 631,721	\$ 631,721
										ш

COASTAL REGIONAL COMMISSION

Annual Unemployment Rates (%) for the 10 County Coastal Georgia Region 2002 - 2011 Statistical Data

County	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
	3 %	3.6%	3.5%	3.9%	3.5%	3.5%	4.9%	7.7%	8.3%	8.1%
Bryan B11t	4 2%	4.1%	4.5%	4.6%	4.3%	4.4%	6.1%	9.2%	10.1%	10.3%
Bullocin	4.3%	5.3%	4.5%	4.6%	4.1%	4.1%	89.5	8.7%	%6.6	%5'6
Chetham	4.2%	4.2%	4.2%	4.5%	4.1%	4.0%	5.7%	8.5%	9.1%	9.1%
Cilaurani	3.7%	3.9%	3.7%	3.9%	3.4%	3.4%	4.8%	8.1%	8.7%	8.4%
Climphan	3.9%	4.0%	4.0%	4.4%	3.9%	3.6%	5.1%	8.3%	9.4%	9.7%
Glynn Tirli	%95	5.1%	5.4%	5.8%	5.8%	5.3%	%0.9	8.3%	9.5%	9.3%
Liberty	4.0%	3.6%	4.0%	4.0%	3.9%	3.7%	4.4%	6.4%	7.2%	7.6%
Long	4.9%	4.3%	4.6%	5.2%	4.3%	4.1%	5.9%	%6.6	11.4%	10.8%
Screven	5.4%	5.4%	5.2%	5.4%	4.8%	4.9%	7.8%	13.9%	14.1%	13.3%
Regional Average	4.4%	4.4%	4.4%	4.6%	4.2%	4.1%	2.6%	8.9%	9.1%	%9.6

Source: Georgia Department of Labor

Statistical Data Annual Per Capita Personal Income Rates (\$) for the 10 County Coastal Georgia Region 2000 - 2009

2009	35,361 24,172 30,340 40,178 31,378 38,392 27,020 27,001 27,001 27,001	30,241
	↔	€9
2008	36,594 24,593 30,642 41,481 31,794 39,936 29,106 24,212 26,882 25,804	31,104
	↔	69
2007	35,574 23,690 29,593 39,779 30,444 39,185 26,198 21,901 25,739	29,638
	€9	69
2006	34,163 22,394 28,773 37,624 28,762 38,155 25,020 20,770 24,531 22,826	28,302
	€	69
2005	31,801 21,830 26,654 35,167 27,145 35,962 23,169 19,825 23,123 21,566	26,624
	₩	69
2004	29,482 20,904 24,863 33,012 25,144 34,450 21,918 18,589 21,814 20,721	25,090
	↔	69
2003	28,091 20,788 24,224 31,323 23,838 31,637 20,785 18,493 20,613	24,013
	↔	69
2002	27,121 20,114 22,980 29,981 23,023 30,653 18,689 17,192 19,987	22,883
	69	49
2001	26,779 20,140 22,436 29,208 23,809 30,020 18,280 16,684 18,879	22,519
	↔	64
2000	24,915 20,090 21,350 28,327 23,127 29,502 17,022 17,022 18,417 18,020	21,603
	69	69
County	Bryan Bulloch Camden Chatham Effingham Glynn Liberty Long McIntosh	Regional Average

Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

Statistical Data Some of Coastal Georgia's Largest Employers and Estimated Employee Numbers

	Estimated Number
Company	Employed
Fort Stewart/Hunter Army Airfield	25,000
Kings Bay Naval Base	8,979
Gulfstream Aerospace	6,000
Memorial University Health System	4,640
Federal Law Enforcement Training Center	4,400
St. Joseph's Candler Health System	3,300
Southeast Georgia Health System	2,300
Georgia Pacific	2,000
Georgia Southern University	1,825
Savannah College of Art and Design	1,500
SNF	1,000
Briggs & Stratton	950
Georgia Ports Authority	900
Georgia Power	770
East Georgia Medical Center	750
Armstrong Atlantic State University	613
US Army Corps of Engineers	527
Liberty Regional Medical Center	525
Savannah State University	516

Sources: Brunswick and Glynn County Development Authority, Bryan County Development Authority, Camden County Chamber of Commerce, Development Authority of Bulloch County, Georgia Department of Economic Development, Georgia Ports Authority, Liberty County Chamber of Commerce, Savannah Economic Development Authority, University System of Georgia.

Summary Statement of Services- Agea Agency On Aging Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

SERVICE	ACTUAL UNITS SERVED	ACTUAL PERSONS SERVED
Adult Day Care-Ind Alzheimer's	17,272	44
Adult Day Care-Ind-CBS-Alzheimer's	900	9
Adult Day Care-Ind-CBS	72,609	110
Adult Day Care-Ind-CBS Respite	3,995	31
Adult Day Care-Ind-SSBG	2,888	24
Adult Day Care-Ind-IIIB	7,927	35
Mobile Adult Day Care-Ind-CBS	3,629	9
Case Management-IIIB	245	22
Case Management-IIIE	2,753	110
Congregate Meals-Ind-CBS	3,152	70
Congregate Meals-Ind-IIIC1	137,846	1,465
Congregate Meals-Ind-AoA NSIP (USDA)	7,508	173
Congregate Meals-Ind-SSBG	4,285	116
Home Delivered Meals-Ind-CBS	14,674	157
Home Delivered Meals-Ind-AoA NSIP (USDA)	9,802	157
Homemaker-Ind-CBS	4,706	80
Homemaker-Ind-IIIB	2,639	46
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-CBS	1,191	413
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-CCSP	16,668	5,894
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-IIIE	2,142	757
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-ADRC	665	244
AAA Information & Assistance - Group-SSBG	1,430	506
Personal Care - CBS	1,603	38
Personal Care - IIIB	1,437	26
Respite Care In-Home-Ind-Alzheimer's	578	7
Respite Care In-Home-Ind-CBS	181	3
Respite Care In-Home-Ind-SSBG	1,374	10
Transportation - CBS	8,492	291
Transportation - IIB	37,934	1,282
Transportation - SSGB	12,847	438



SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA#	Federal Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/ Grant #	Federal <u>Award</u>	Federal Expenditures
Direct Federal Programs:				
U.S. Dept. of Commerce Economic Development Administration				
Economic Development Support for Planning Organizations Sub-total for 11.302	11.302	48306118	\$ 189,189 189,189	\$ 59,667 59,667
U.S. Dept. of Defense Office of Economic Adjustment Base Remediation Planning Assistance for Joint Land Use Studies Sub-total for 12.610	12.600 12.610	SP1015-10-01 EN0404-09-02	9,175,731 343,732 9,519,463	2,346,517 58,017 2,404,534
U.S. Dept. of the Interior US Geological Survey Research and Data Colletion Sub-total for 15.808	15.808	08ERAG0017	330,000 330,000	21,142 21,142
Sub-total - Direct Federal Programs			10,038,652	2,485,343
Passed Through Programs:				
U.S. Dept Health and Human Services Passed through State of Georgia Dept of Human Services Temporary Asst for Needy Families Sub-total for 93.558	93.558	42700-362-0000006476	952,107 952,107	952,107 952,107
Special Programs for the Aging: Title VII - Chapter II - LTCO Services for Older Individuals Sub-total for 93.042	93.042	42700-373-000000481	3 <u>25,060</u> 25,060	25,060 25,060
Title III, Part D - Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services Sub-total for 93.043	93.043	42700-373-0000004813	32,259 32,259	32,251 32,251

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA#	Federal Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/ Grant #	Federal <u>Award</u>	Federal Expenditures
Aging Cluster:				
Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive	93.044	42700-373-0000004813	561,496	558,551
Services and Senior Centers	93.044	42700-362-0000006476	244,042	244,035
Sub-total for 93.044		_	805,538	802,586
Title III, Part C1,C2 - Nutrition Services	93.045	42700-373-0000004813	871,645	871,645
Sub-total for 93.045		_	871,645	871,645
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	42700-373-0000004813	136,336	136,209
Sub-total for 93.053		-	136,336	136,209
American Recovery & Reinvestment Act CDSMP	93.725	427-93-ARRA09009-99	180,001	51,650
Sub-total for 93.724			180,001	51,650
Sub-total Aging Cluster		_	1,993,520	1,862,089
Medicaid Cluster:				
Medical Assistance Program CCSP	93.778	42700-373-0000004813	897,632	877,876
Sub-total for 93.778			897,632	877,876
Sub-total Medicaid Cluster			897,632	877,876
REACH Project (Rosalynn Carter Institute)	93.051	90AE0339	200,000	
Alzheimer's Demonstraton Grant	93.051	42700-373-0000004813	65,000	54,573 22,533
Sub-total for 93.051			265,000	77,106
National Family Caregiver Support IIIE	93.052	42700-373-0000004813	241,249	241,250
Sub-total for 93.052			241,249	241,250
Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services Research, Demonstrations,				
and Evaluations (Georgia Cares, ADRC)	93.779	42700-373-0000004813	196,026	183,579
Sub-total for 93.779			196,026	183,579
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	42700-373-0000004813	217.264	210.0
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	42700-362-0000004813	317,264	310,317
Sub-total for 93.667			163,191 480,455	163,191 473,508
Subtotal U.S. Dept of Health and Human Services		-	5,083,308	4,724,826

See Accompanying Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA#	Federal Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/ Grant #	Federal <u>Award</u>	Federal <u>Expenditures</u>
U.S. Dept of Transportation Passed through State of Georgia Dept of Human Services				
Capital Assistance Program for Elderly Persons and Persons with Disabilities	20.513	42700-362-0000006476	286,282	286,282
Sub-total for 20.513		_	286,282	286,282
Rural Public Transit 5316 JARC	20.516	MTG00-0143-00-141	100,000	100,000
Sub-total for 20.516		-	100,000	100,000
Sub-total State of Georgia DHS		-	386,282	386,282
Passed through State of Georgia DOT:	20.205	STP-0009-00(325)	82,400	78,089
Highway Planning and Construction Sub-total for 20.205	20.205	51P-0009-00(323)	82,400	78,089
	20.500	T003540	1,385,531	1,385,532
Rural Public Transit 5311 Operating	20.509 20.509	MTG00-0143-00-141	275,360	-
Rural Public Transit 5311 Capital	20.509	T003383	27,200	26,418
Rural Public Transit 5311 Capital	20.509	T002869	3,021,556	1,550,057
American Recovery & Reinvestment Act-Capital Sub-total for 20.509	20.505	-	4,709,647	2,962,007
	20.516	MTG00-0151-00-006	512,206	153,666
Rural Public Transit 5316 JARC	20.516	T003414	576,103	9,239
Rural Public Transit 5316 JARC Sub-total for 20.516	20.5.0		1,088,309	162,905
	20.521	MTG00-0150-00-001	199,516	53,420
Rural Public Transit 5317 New Freedom	20.521	T002926	499,088	35,722
Rural Public Transit 5317 New Freedom Sub-total for 20.521	20.021	•	698,604	89,143
Sub-total State of Georgia DOT			6,578,960	3,292,143
Sub-total U.S. Dept of Transportation		-	6,965,242	3,678,425

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor Program Title	CFDA#	Federal Agency/ Pass-Through Agency/ <u>Grant #</u>	Federal <u>Award</u>	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency				
Office of Water Passed through GA Dept of Natural Resources:				
assed dirough GA Dept of Natural Resources:				
DNR Watershed 1	66.460	751-100092	12,500	9,595
DNR Watershed 2	66.460	604(b)FY11	15,625	7,962
DNR Section 319(h) Coastal Stormwater Supplement	66.460	751-100055	134,566	28,541
Sub-total for 66.460		•	162,691	46,098
		•		
EPD Comp Mining	66.474	EPD3645	2,500	50
Sub-total for 66.474			2,500	50
DNR(for USGS LiDAR Project)	66 460	VII COPPO (EO		
CIG Blueway	66.460 66.460	XII-CGEP3673	200,000	200,000
CIG Toolbox	66.460	DNR 364001	14,014	6,813
Sub-total for other	00.400	DNR364002	7,586	4,373
		-	221,600	211,186
Subtotal - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency		_	386,791	257,333
U.S. Department of Interior				
National Park Service - National Historic				
Preservation Program				
Passed through State of Georgia Dept of Natural Resour	rces:			

Historic Preservation Fund Grants-in-Aid	15.904	DNR2011HP	14,818	14,818
Sub-total for 15.904		_	14,818	14,818
Sub-total U.S. Department of Interior		_	14,818	14,818
Sub-total Passed Through Programs		_	12,450,159	8,675,402
Total Federal Expenditures			22,488,811	\$ 11,160,745

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1 Significant Accounting Policies

Coastal Regional Commission did not have any non-cash awards during the fiscal year.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Coastal Regional Commission and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Measurement Focus

An award is determined to be expended when the activity related to the award occurs.

Note 2 Amount provided to Sub-recipients

The total amount provided to sub-recipients from each federal program is as follows:

Federal Program	<u>CFDA</u>	Amount
U.S. Dept. of Defense		0 0010 601
OEA Brigade Base Remediation	12.600	\$ 2,313,501
OEA Planning Assistance for Joint Land Use Studies	12.610	17,000
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	93.558	710,122
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Special Programs for the Aging - Title VII - Chapter	93.042	25,060
2 - Long Term Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals	75.0 12	•
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B -	93.044	414,360
Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.045	871,645
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services	93.053	136,209
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.778	586,274
Medical Assistance Program CCSP	93.051	8,437
Alzheimer's Demonstraton Grant	93.052	147,841
National Family Caregiver Support IIIE	20	369.840
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	302,040
U.S. Department of Transportation		005.614
Cap Assist Program for Elderly & Persons w/ Disabilities	20.513	237,614
Rural Public Transit 5316 JARC	20.516	162,248
	20.205	22,400
Highway Planning and Construction	20.509	874,791
Rural Public Transit 5311 Operating		
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	66.460	247
DNR 319(h)	66.460	13,493
DNR Coastal Stormwater Supplement	007.00	
Total Amount provided to Sub-recipients		\$ 6,911,080

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 3 Program Income

In accordance with the terms of the grant, program income totaling \$274,057 was used to reduce the amount of federal and state funds expended in the following programs:

Federal Program	<u>CFDA</u>	Amount
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services Rural Public Transit 5311 Operating	93.044 93.045 20.509	\$ 10,688 63,882 199,487
Total Program Income		\$ 274,057

Note 4 <u>CRC Matching Funds</u>

In accordance with grant agreements, the Coastal Regional Commission has expended matching contributions totaling \$1,032,518 during the year ended June 30, 2011, in connection with the following federal programs:

Federal Program		Cash		In-Kind	
Federal Program	<u>CFDA</u>	Coi	ntribution	Cont	ributions
U.S. Dept. of Commerce					
Economic Development					
Support for Planning Organizations	11.302	\$	75,100	\$	
II S. Dent of Defense			ŕ	•	
U.S. Dept. of Defense					
OEA Planning Assistance for Joint Land Use Studies	12.610		6,447		-
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Aging Title III, Part A Administration	93.044		40,946		
Aging Title III, Part D Health	93.558		3,794		•
Aging Title III, Part B Administration	93.044		23,388		•
REACH Project (Rosalynn Carter Institute)	93.051		18,191		•
Alzheimer's Demonstraton Grant	93.051		18,143		-
National Family Caregiver Support IIIE	93.052		23,360		
Social Services Block Grant	93.667		17,600		•
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Highway Planning and Construction	20,205		15 204		
Rural Public Transit 5311 Operating	20.509		15,394		
Rural Public Transit 5311 Capital	20.509		734,007		•
Rural Public Transit 5316 JARC			3,302		-
Rural Public Transit 5317 New Freedom	20.516		20,363		-
mana 1.mmr 2011 1.00M I locdom	20.521		11,570		•

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Total CRC Matching Funds		1,032,518 \$	-
DNR Coastal Stormwater Supplement DNR Historic Preservation Grant DNR Blueway DNR Toolbox	66.460 15.904 66.460 66.460	3,138 4,394 7,208 6,127	-
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency DNR Watershed 1&2	66.460	45	-

Note 5 Sub-Recipient Matching Contributions

In accordance with the grant agreement, cash and in-kind contributions totaling \$1,018,497 were used as matching contributions by the sub-recipients for the following programs:

Federal Program	<u>CFDA</u>	Cash tribution	 -Kind ributions
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Special Programs for the Aging - Title VII - Chapter 2 - Long Term Care Ombudsman Services for Older Individuals	93.042	\$ -	\$ 2,948
Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part B - Grants for Supportive Services and Senior Centers Special Programs for the Aging - Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services National Family Caregiver Support IIIE Social Services Block Grant	93.044 93.045 93.052 93.667	44,556 102,551 19,712 36,437	231
U.S. Department of Transportation Rural Public Transit 5311 Operating	20.509	 812,063	
Total Sub-Recipient Matching Contributions		\$ 1,015,318	\$ 3,179

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS

Findings Noted on the Report on compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal control over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133:

NONE REPORTED





CLIFTON, LIPFORD, HARDISON & PARKER, LLC

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Member of American Institute of Certifled Public Accountants Truman W. Cliffon (1902-1989)

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Council Coastal Regional Commission Brunswick, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Coastal Regional Commission ("RC") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the RC's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 1, 2011. We did not audit the financial statements of the Coastal Area District Development Authority, Inc. ("CADDA"), which represents 100% of the assets, net assets and revenues of the component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for CADDA, is based on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Coastal Regional Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Coastal Regional Commission's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the RC's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the RC's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

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468 South Houston Lake Road Warner Robins, Georgia 31088 Coastal Regional Commission Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Coastal Regional Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Coastal Regional Commission in a separate letter dated November 1, 2011.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Council, and federal award agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Eletton, Repord, Hardown & Horher, Lice

Macon, Georgia

November 1, 2011



CLIFTON, LIPFORD, HARDISON & PARKER, LLC

J. Russell Liptord, Jr., CPA Mark O. Hardlson, CPA Terry I. Parker, CPA Christopher S. Edwards, CPA Lynn S. Hudson, CPA Kevin E. Liptord, CPA

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Council Coastal Regional Commission Brunswick, Georgia

Compliance

We have audited Coastal Regional Commission's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Coastal Regional Commission's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. Coastal Regional Commission's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Coastal Regional Commission's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Coastal Regional Commission's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Coastal Regional Commission's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Coastal Regional Commission's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Coastal Regional Commission complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011.

114

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Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Coastal Regional Commission is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Coastal Regional Commission's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coastal Regional Commission's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the audit committee, management, the Council, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

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Macon, Georgia

November 1, 2011

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not

considered to be material weakness(es)

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?

None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unqualified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?

No

Identification of Major Programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program		
93.778 12.600 12.610	Department of Health and Human Services – Title XIX Brigade Basing Remediation Planning Assistance for Joint Land		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B program \$ 334,82			
Auditee qualified as low-risk au	ditee	Yes	

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No Financial Statement Findings were reported.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

